An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation جوردان تابعز يومية سياسية تضيير بالأنجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الأردنية الراي،

RABAT (R) - A committee of North African states will hold a special meeting in Algiers next month to discuss the creation and financing of a special fund for combatting the most serious locust threat to the continent in three decades. The Maghreb committee, representing Morocco, Algeria, Tunisia, Libya and Mauritania, agreed on the fund and campaign plans during talks in Rabat last week. A statement issued Saturday night estimated that \$162 million were needed to spray 2.7 million hectares of land in North Africa from May to September. During this period locust land in North Alrica from May to September. During this period locust larvae mature and take wing, if not annihilated, making the anti-locust battle more difficult. The Algiers meeting May 30 will be attended by representatives of the Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) and other donor countries and aid agencies, which have already provided funds, aircraft and pestendes to light the menace in North Africa. The Rome-based FAO said last week the plague in North Africa had spread faster than expected and swarms had reached southern Mauritania, Mail and Seasonal areasts, reclusions the advances of counterline in the Mail and Senegal, greatly reducing the chances of controlling it in the near

Volume 13 Number 3765

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria I pound; Lebanon I pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Holiday declared

AMMAN (Petra) - All government departments and public institutions in Jordan will be closed next Sunday, May 1, on the occasion of Labour Day, according to an official announcement by the din harms. Prime Ministry made Sunday.

Epidemic kills over 1,000 in Sudan

state again itis epidemic in Sudan has killed ablished to more than 1,000 people since ablished to erupted last newspaper said Sunday. The Communist Party's Al Maidan, citing reports reaching the Health Ministry, said the disease killed 1.059 people up to last Thursday and a total of 15,778 eases have been reported nationwide up to

Kuwait Airways to resume Asian flights

dogs to See KUWAIT (R) - Kuwait Airare a pan: ways will resume service to Asian abodh b. destinations Wednesday after a n charge, suspension caused by the April 5 ners Fills hijack of a flight from Bangkok, a 10 the See spokesman said. He said flights to ister offer, Karachi, Delhi, Bombay, Colav dos he ombo and Dhaka would resume ple the me kok and Manila May 3.

ity, 380 k Greece sends message to Turkey

He has a

025 to 145 ANKARA (R) - New Greek Ambassador to Nicosia Christos delicary | Maharitsas arrived in Ankara Sunday with a message for Turc threate kish Prime Minister Turgut Ozal from Greek Prime Minister i Da E Andreas Papandreou. Ozal told Sabigit television in breakaway north thet was Cyprus Friday the problem of vill beek divided Cyprus had not been 5 to sop! dealt with officially in talks earlier this year with Papandreou. But he added that the issue might be discussed unofficially.

Bomb threat on Tel Aviv-bound plane

ATHENS (AP) — An Alitalia count jetliner with 144 passengers aboard took off Sunday for Tel sang sue: Aviv after making a four-hour imes us unscheduled stopover at Athens did 101 2 airport because of a bomb threat. one The No bomb was found and the nd lot perliner landed in Athens after authorities in Rome were in-10 Fil SIM formed that a bomb had been the Mr planted aboard the aircraft. grapia is police said. An Athens airport spokesman said Rome airport auwhise thorities notified the control towstole is F er after an anonymous caller told Night. 2 them a bomb would soon blow up s in the aircraft.

Aquino: No return is of Marcos

my MANILA (AP) — President Corazon Aquino said Sunday she a guil has no intention of allowing former President Ferdinand Marcos to return to the country. "I just want our people to know and to time reassure them that I will never do TO THE anything that will go against the nd is interests of the Filipino people, hil k Aquino said during her weekly radio programme "Ask the Presi-

ard fire SLA frees French television crew

reing. MARIAYOUN, Lebanon (R) Militiamen fired on two Frenchstation who by mistake drove life towards Israel's self-declared er of "security zone" in South Lebanon, the men said Sunday. "When the SLA fired at us, we raised a white flag." Bernard Carbon of Paris-based radio station Fun said. "They took us to Majayoun where we stayed the night and now they are letting us go." Carbon, accompanied by his colleague Jean Bernard Christin, added.

Kanaks free 11 captives

PARIS (R) — France said Sunday 11 of 27 paramilitary policemen taken hostage three days ago in New Caledonia had been released peacefully and unharmed. A spokesman at the Paris headquarters of France's paramilitary gendarme force told Reuters that the 11 "were freed after talks which are still going on for the release of the others." (See earlier story on page 8).

AMMAN MONDAY APRIL 25, 1988, RAMADAN 9, 1408

Israelis raze Gaza homes, launch new

effort to end uprising OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) occupied West Bank, increasing to 173 the number of Palestinian Israeli soldiers tore down a dozen Palestinian protesters killed during the uphomes and shops Sunday in a Gaza Strip

refugee camp and police ordered Palestinian

merchants in Jerusalem to open their stores

at normal hours in a new effort to break the nearly five-month Palestinian uprising. Police in riot gear delivered the new order to shopkeepers along the street of the Prophets just outside the walled Old City as

soldiers on horseback kept back

"The punishment under the law is two years imprisonment" if the shopkeepers defy the order, said a police spokesman. Israeli soldiers shot to death a

army order to halt Saturday in the village of Bet Rosh near Hebron. The army lifted a four-day ban Sunday that barred Palestinians from the Gaza Strip and West Bank from travelling to Israel. It

> line to the occupied areas for the first time in more than a month.

> also permitted deliveries of gaso-

Witnesses quoted by the AP

said Ahmad Hassan Salim Amar

was killed when he defied an



A Muslim elergyman confronts Israeli policemen and soldiers in the Haram Al Sharif complex in

Arafat in Syria after 5-year rift

From Lamis K. Andoni in Damaseus

PALESTINE Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat arrived here Sunday on an official visit signalling the success of a drawn-out effort to reconcile the Syrian government and the

leadership of the PLO. Arafat, who was received by the Syrian interior minister and senior officials, was accompanied by Salah Khalaf (Abu Iyad), a co-founder of the mainstream Fatch movement of the PLO. The PLO leaders went straight to the grave of assassinated PLO Deputy Military Commander Khatil Al Wazir (Abu Jihad) in Yarmouk refugee camp on the Jordan welcomes Syria-PLO move

AMMAN (J.T.) — Jordan Sunday welcomed the visit to Syria by Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat saying that the Kingdom follows a policy that welcomes meetings between Arab parties and the elimination of inter-Arab disputes. In a statement given to radio Monte Carlo and carried by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, Information Minister Hani Khasawaeh said Jordan follows a national policy that welcomes inter-Arab meetings and end to inter-Arab disputes. Khasawneh added that this policy was derived from the spirit of the Arab summit held in Amman last November.

outskirts of the Syrian capital. Pandomonium broke out in the camp as news spread that Arafat minutes before the iftar on the eighth day of the holy month of Ramadan. People were seen running in all directions shouting

"Abu Ammar is back," and in less than 10 minutes over 30,000 milled around in the narrow was expected in the camp a few alleys of the camp to greet Arafat.

Many people said they had

(Continued on page 5)

No one has claimed responsi-

bility for the blast but leftist and

pro-Syrian political parties blamed their staunch rivals of the

rightist "Lebanese Forces"

by the Lebanese Forces we call

on our citizens to be more

aware, said a joint statement by

"In front of this awful massacre

Tripoli death toll rises to 66

car bombing in three years rose to 66 Sunday after 12 people wounded in the blast died in hospital while a man was dragged injured but alive from a wrecked building, police reported.

which runs the day-to-day affairs midnight (2200 GMT Saturday), of Lebanon's second largest city, declared two days of public mourning for the victums of Saturday's explosion in a crowded vegetable market.

Police said the number of wounded from the blast in the still trying to identify missing low-income Tabbaneh district of the northern port city was now

Tripoli's eight hospitals were tive in Tripoli since 1985 when at filled to capacity with casualties least 52 people were killed and 75 and morgues were "packed with injured by a similar explosion.

TRIPOLI (Agencies) — The corpses," police said. death toll from Lebanon's worst Radio stations broadcast ur-

gent appeals for blood. Civil defense rescue teams who had clawed through the rubble of wrecked buildings during the night called off their search after dragging the 33-year-old survi-A coordination committee, vor, a grocer, to safety after police reported.

Residents told Reuters some families buried their victims Saturday while others were preparing for burials Sunday. Other weeping residents were

relatives among charred bodies in plastic bags at the city's hospitals. The blast was the most destruc-

Muslim, leftist and pro-Syrian The statement called for a general strike Monday in protest at the bombing as owners of demolished shops and vegetable push carts inspected the damage

> Lebanese Interior Minister Abdullah Rassi urged citizens to come forward with any clues that might help find those who carried

Algeria rejects U.S., British criticism over hijack handling

ALGIERS (Agencies) - The Algerian government Sunday sharply rejected American and British criticism of the secret deal by which Algeria allowed the hijackers of the Kuwait Airways Jumbo jet to escape unpunished. U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz, British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher and other Western leaders have criticised the Algerian safe conduct given to the hijackers who held the jet

Kuwaiti passengers before releas-

in Algiers Wednesday.

An official statement from the Algerian Foreign Ministry said the American and British protests "sought to exploit the conditions under which the crisis was resolved, to wage a hostile campaign against Algeria. while ignoring the difficult circumst-ances of (Algeria's) humanitarian

intervention. This strange attitude, which differs sharply from the general for 16 days and killed two of its satisfaction expressed around the world, and particularly by the ing the last 31 hostages unharmed Kuwaiti government, raises serious questions as to its real motivation."

Effective international action against terrorism must seek to eliminate not only its immediate manifestations, but also its "deeper causes," the statement declared.

The governments of the world, it added, must display solidarity in a "sincere and effective campaign for the promotion and rehabilitation of mankind... while resisting the temptation to resort to verbal outbidding tactics and facile expedients."

Jordan remains one family, one hand, one heart and all have equal rights and obligations as stated in the Constitution

King: Jordan will not act on behalf of Palestinian people or assume PLO role

King Hussein Sunday hailed the ongoing Palestinian uprising in the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza and paid tribute to the steadfastness of the Palestinian people living in the occupied territories.

The King also reaffirmed Jordan's stand that the Kingdom will not act on behalf of the Palestinian people or the Palestine Liberation Organisation or seek to replace the PLO. the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian people.

quet he hosted in Irbid Sunday, the King also underlined Jordan's sense of responsibility and duty to defend Arab causes based on the principles of the Great Arab Revolt.

"Jordan will remain a steadfast fortress to its people, Armed Forces and national unity and will continue to be a home for the Jordanian Arab family whose equality, rights and obligations are specified in

(Continued on page 5)



His Majesty King Hussein speaks at an litar banquet he hosted Irbid Sunday (Petra photo)

Iraq issues warning to Iran

NICOSIA (AP) — Iraq charged fran was trying to reignite the "war of the cities" Sunday and warned Tehran that it "will be the

An Iraqi military spokesman said in a statement broadcast by Baghdad Radio that seven civilians were wounded when the Iranians shelled the Shwarbakh residential sector of the northern Iraqi city of Sulaimaniyah.

"This reveals unequivocally the Iranian regime's preplanned intent to reignite the war of the cities," the spokesman was quoted as saying. He said the shelling violated

the principles according to which" Iraq stopped its missile attacks on Iranian cities last week.

"The Iranian regime will be both the loser and the party held responsible," for a new round of the so-called "war of the cities." effect in the war of the cities at | quarters of the Saudi-owned Sea

PARIS (AP) — Socialist President François Mitterrand won the

first round of the presidential

elections Sunday, and conserva-

tive Premier Jacques Chirac was second, sending the two men into

a runoff election May 8, accord-

ing to computer projections.

French television computer

projects are usually very accu-

As polls closed after the first

ballot, private polling organisa-tions put the 71-year-old presi-

dent strongly in the lead with

33-34 per cent of the vote. Chir-

18-22 per cent.

president of France.

ac, 55, came in second place with

The leading two contenders will go into the run-off May 8.

Nine candidates are running in

the race for a seven-year term as

Centre-right economist

Raymond Barre, once seen as

Mitterrand's strongest challen-

ger, slumped to a poor third place

with 16-17 per cent of first round

ballots, the computer figures

Extreme right-winger Jean-

Marie le Pen, who ran a staunch

anti-immigrant campaign, made a

surprisingly strong showing, win-

round of elections

midnight (2000) GMT) Wednes- air raids. That was the fiercest day, 15 minutes after Iraq fired round of the "war of the cities" in two long-range missiles into the Iranian holy city of Qom, saying they would be the last if Iran did

not retaliate. Iran withheld fire. The truce ended seven weeks of duels during which the two sides fired hundreds of missiles and bombed each others cities in their bases Sunday.

the 715 year Gulf war.

Iran's official news agency reported that Iranian jets bombed Iraqi troop concentrations at Mehran in the central sector of the front and returned safely to

Iranian boats raid Saudi-owned tanker

DUBAl (Agencies) — Six Ira-nian gunboats attacked a Libe-Hormuz, but no one was injured rian-flag tanker at the mouth of and damage was not serious. the Gulf Sunday, one day after President Ronald Reagan warned to indicate that Iran, whose navy Tehran it would pay dearly for was mauled in clashes with U.S.

raids on neutral shipping.

ning 13.5-14.8 per cent of the

vote - more than pre-election

He now appears set to poll

twice the votes of the Communist

Party, whose decline from its

position as a major force in

national French politics is likely

Le Pen, the leader of the

influence the second round.

in the second round.

million voters.

Chirac by a comfortable margin

17.7 per cent among France's 38

Rounding out the nine-candi-

date field was Andre Lajoinie.

58, the official Communist Party

candidate, with 7.1 per cent;

Antoine Waechter, 39, an ecolog-

ist, with 3.6 per cent; Pierre

Juquin, 58, leader of a splinter

communist reformist group. two

per cent; Arlette Laguiller, 48.

nead of the Trotskyist Worker

Struggle Movement, two per cent, and Pierre Boussel, 67,

leader of the Movement for a

Abstentions were estimated at

predictions.

to be confirmed.

They said the attack appeared

warships April 18, was not cowed Shipping sources said by U.S. plans to protect all neutai snips in the Guil. Reagan said in a radio address Mitterrand wins first

Saturday: "(Iran) must understand that continued military and terrorist attacks against non-belligerents... will be very costly to Iran and its people.

None of the 16 U.S. warships in the Gulf was in the vicinity when the Sea Trader was hit, the cources said

The United States now protects only U.S.-flag ships, including 11 Kuwaiti tankers, but U.S. officials said the Reagan administration plans to extend protection to all neutral shipping. No final de-cision on the plan had been taken, they said.

Iranian Foreign Minister Ali National Front Party, is on the Akbar Velayati accused the Unheels of Barre and is likely to ited States Sunday of trying to block the progress of its Islamic The final opinion polls a week revolution by backing Baghdad in ago showed Mitterrand defeating

the Iran-Iraq war.
He said on Tehran Radio that U.S. agents in the Gulf region had given financial aid to Iraq and U.S. satellite military information was put at Iraq's dis-

"The United States has never hidden the fact that it supports the Iraqi government and that government's survival. However, its recent actions have constituted overt U.S. interference to Iraq's

advantage," he said. Velayati said the United States believed its forces had a permanent right to remain in the Gulf but "this is not something which Party of Workers,' 0.4 per cent. I can continue for ever.'

Crown Prince visits Indian nuclear centre

BOMBAY (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Sunday visited a nuclear research centre near Bombay and was briefed on its functions and use of nuclear energy to generate electricity.

The Crown Prince, who arrived bere Saturday from Japan, and the president of the Indian Atomic Energy Commission discussed possibilities of Jordanian-Indian scientific cooperation, particularly in the use of nuclear energy in agriculture, medicine and industry, and of extracting radium from Jordanian phosphates. India, the largest importer of Jordanian phosphates, uses the phosphates also for extracting ura

Jordan to have diplomatic ties with Mali

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan will establish diplomatic relations with the African state of Mali at the ambassadorial level, according to an official announcement in Amman Sunday.

The announcement said a Cabinet decision was taken in this respect and that representation would be through non-resident ambassadors.

The Cabinet also announced its approval of a Niger government nomination of its ambassador to Kuwait. Zada Oumo, to serve as Niger's non-resident ambassador to Jordan.

The Cabinet also gave its consent to a visit by a Jordanian educational delegation to Poland.

It also approved the setting up of facilities at Aqaba for unloading cereals imported by Jordan. The project will be financed through a Swedish government loan to Jordan.

The Cabinet also approved of an agreement between a Jordanian transport company and Kuwait for operating a regular passenger transport service between Amman and Kuwait.

Kidnappers threaten to kill 2 **Americans** BEIRUT (Agencies) — Pro-Ira-

nian kidnappers threatened Sunday to kill two Americans they hold hostage in Lebanon if the United States attacked Iran again "The American attacks in the

Gulf will not pass without punishments," said a statement by the Revolutionary Justice Organisation (RJO), which holds Americans Joseph James Cicippio and Edward Austin Tracy. "Any new attack under any

pretext and no matter what the reasons will lead to the execution of Edward Tracy first and then Cicippio," the statement. The hand-written statement in

Arabic was delivered to an international news agency in Beirut along with a photocopy of Tracy's

residence permit for Lebanon. "This threat should be considered serious to set new rules for the game in the area," said the

undated statement. "The presence of the American forces in the Gulf is in reality a malicious challenge to the free peoples in the area and a threat to the security of international soci-

ety," the statement said.
"Our logical response to the invasion of the area leaves us with the only option of moving the battle to inside America. statement said, without elabor-

It was issued after the U.S. navy destroyed two Iranian oil rigs and sank or damaged six Iranian gunboats in clashes in the Gulf six days ago. Washington said the oil rig raids were in retaliation for mines laid by Iran. a charge Tehran has denied.

French effort

The conservative Al Diyar newspaper reported earlier Sunday that a deal to free three

French hostages held by another faction fell through when the kidnappers reneged on pledges to release them because the hijackers of a Kuwaiti airliner were still in Algiers.

Kuwaiti officials said when the Algerians negotiated an end to the 16-day hijack drama Wednesday that the hijackers left the plane on condition they were given safe passage to another country.

Al Diyar said the team, headed by former French secret agent Jean-Charles Marchiani and including Lebanese-born Alexandre Safa and Bourise Hankash. had seen the three captives "to make sure they were still alive." The report could not be con-

It quoted Sheikh Mohammad Hussein Fadalallah, spiritual mentor of the pro-Iranian Hizbollah (Party of God), as saying he did not see "on the horizon now any indications of a possible release of the Frenchmen.

Other reports said the three hostages were close to release twice over the last fortnight but complications arose because of the hijack of the Kuwaiti airliner which ended in Algiers Wednesday.

The sources said the hijackers had not yet returned to Beirut and the kidnappers may have blocked the release of the Frenchmen until the hijackers

were back. The hijackers and the kidnappers were believed to be from the same Hizbollah clan which had relatives among 17 Arabs jailed in Kuwait for bombing offences,

said a source quoted by Reuters. In Washington, the White House said Sunday U.S. policy would not be affected by "terror-

Jordan's emerging film industry struggles for recognition

Mariam Shahin quotes director Najdat Anzor on impediments to the film industry in Jordan

desert, an English lieutenant is wounded and taken captive. A search party consisting of British troops and locals attempts to ensure his safe return by whatever means necessary. During his time of captivity with what he has been taught is a savage outlaw, he is exposed to a behaviour so civilised that it remains engraved in his mind for life.

"A Picnic on the Sand," a TV movie made in Jordan, won the bronze medal at the International Television Festival held in Baghdad between March 24 and 30 this year. The film was one of 26

DURING a raid on an Arab Spain's entry received the gold outlaw somewhere in an Arab medal and Japan's the silver. The movie's Director Najdat Anzor recently talked to the Jordan Times about the making of the film and the future of the film industry in Jordan. "What did you think of the

film?" asks Najdat smiling. "If we had a larger budget it would have been better." Filming in Jordan is not an easy task, according to Anzor. The movie which is about an hour and a half long, took a month to film. The filming was entirely done in Wadi Rum. The crew could get there only by Range Rovers. The entire cast and crew stayed in Aqaba,

filming every day. The budget, provided by the Arab Tele-Media Services, was relatively small, when compared with what gets spent on other films.

"One of the problems with the budget was that all props and filming 'accessories' are very expensive in Jordan, if they are available at all. Anzor said.

Some of the scenes written by scriptwriter, Mahmoud Zuidi had to be omitted completely, because of technical difficulties. We had to find a car from the 1930's," the era in which the film's events take place, "when we finally found one, we had to set flames to it - twice!"

The producer was fortunate enough to get pure Arabian horses, from the stables of Sherif Jamil Ibn Nasser, but, "our

actors did not know how to ride

"Jordanian actors have not been trained for action scenes, the scripts usually limit them to scenes with dialogue only," says Naidat.

The falcon, a main character and a symbol in the film, was rented from the Huwaitat tribe on the Jordanian-Saudi border. "Although usually animals are trained for months for their roles in movies, this falcon was only made available to us for three days. You can imagine what kind of pressure we were under when filming the falcon scenes, which were only accentuated by the sensitivity of the animal itself," Anzor recalled.

Very little encouragement has been given to the film industry in Jordan to develop and progress, according to the director. Private institutions, educational prog-rammes and government ministries have done practically nothing to stimulate this art category. In order to develop any artistic discipline, funds are needed and exchange and train-ing programmes are required. "If we had the chance to train

two people a year in Egypt, the U.S. or any European country that has a well developed motion picture industry, it would be a good start."

He maintains that it did not matter if this support came from private sponsors or from government agencies. What matters is that our local staff gets trained and made more professional. Jordanian actors have also been discouraged by relatively low wages they receive, while non-Jordanian actors are paid much 'Local scenarists shoulder

some of the burden of our emerging industry as well, an industry that is right now on a crossroad. Traditionally Jordanian scriptwriters have always written about the bedouin or village life in Jordan. Although those subjects are definitely part of our history and culture, the contemporary life that most Jordanians lead is hardly ever touched upon in the local TV series." If each writerartist deals with a different aspect of contemporary society then we would certainly have a greater variety on the local TV serials, he

"The Picnic on the Sand," was intented to be symbolic, showing the experience of a foreigner in a foreign land. "Unfortunately," says Anzor, "most Arab countries would not allow viewing of the film because they consider it too anti-British, they do not want to offend anyone. The only countries in the Arab World that have bought the film were Qatar, the United Arab Emirates and Libya. Arabs shying away from buying such films "are not very encouraging either," Anzor says.

In time comprehensive themes,

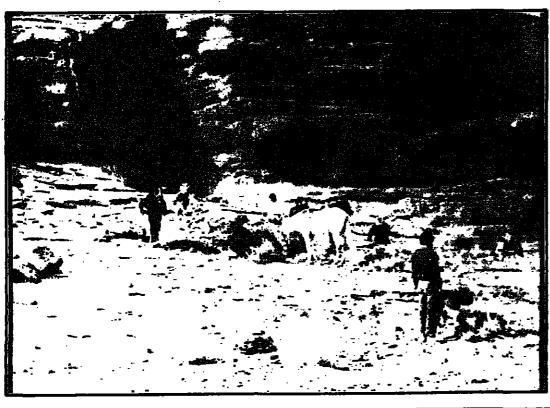
trained personnel and funding will join together to make up the essential factors that will develop a film industry to which Jordanian viewers can look forward to.



(Above) the entire crew of "A Picnic on the Sand" and (below) Najdat Anzor directs his photographer







TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME ONE Programme review
Cartoons
Children's programme
Children's programme
Children's programme (The
Thousand and One Nights) 15:15 Koranic contest

.... Arabic series "Five" (Eps. 2) 18:50 Religious programme + Koram 19:00 Religious programme + Koram 19:20 Religious programme 19:35 Programme review 20:00 News in Arabic 20:30 Arabic Series
21:30 Ramadan puzzles
22:90 Arabic programme
23:90 News summary Religious programme

PROGRAMME TWO

18:00 Louis A. News in French 19:15 .. Weekly Sport magazine (French) 19:30 News m Hebrew News in Arabic Perfect Stranger 21:10 Secret Army 22:00 News in English 22:20 ... Feature film: "Death Wish - I RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz. FM

.. Louis XI

& partly on 9560 KHz. SW Tel: 774111-19 . Light Music

07:30 Newsdesk 08:00 Morning Show 10:05 Just a Minute Good Vibrations ... News Summary 14:00 . News Bulletin Concert Hour Old Favourites Pon Session Sports Roundur

....... Music .. News Desk Date with a Star ... Evening Show 19:36 Evening Show Contd....... News Summary

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1323 KHz

07:00 Newsdesk 07:30 Behind the Wall 07:45 Reflections 07:50 Wavegnide 08:00 World News 08:09 24 Hours: News Summary 08:30 Nature Notebook 08:45 Recording of the Week 09:00 Newsdesk 09:30 Six Cities 10:00 World News 10:30 Why Should This Happen to Me? 11:00 World News 11:09 Reflections 11:15 Behind the Wall 11:30 Anything Goes 12:00 World World News 11:30 Reflections 11 11:30 Anything Goes 12:00 World News 12:09 British Press Review 12:15 Good Books 12:30 Through My Win-dow 12:45 Peobles' Choice 13:00 News Summary followed by Six Cities 13:39
The Vintage Chart Show 14:00 World News 14:09 News About Britan 14:15
Tech Talk 14:30 Album Time 15:00
Radio Newsreel 15:15 My Word! 15:45 Sports Round-up 16:00 World News 16:09 24 Hours: News Summary 16:30 Anything Goes 17:00 Outlook. open-ing with 5-minute News 17:45 Cannery Row 18:00 Radio Newsreel 18:15 Sportsworld 18:45 Sportsworld contd. 19:60 World News 19:69 Commentary 19:15 A Journey Round My People 19:30 Big Band — The Singers 19:45 The World Today 20:00 World News 20:45 Sports Round-up 21:00 Newsdesk 21:30 Multitrack 1: Top 20 22:00 Outlook, opening with News 22:39 Stock Market Report

VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740. 11925 and 15210 Hz

07:00 News 07:10 Newshite 07:30 VOA Morning 08:00 News 08:10 Newsline 05:30 VOA Morning 17:00 News 17:10 Newsline 17:30 Music USA 18:00 News 18:10 Focus 18:30 Special English News & Features 19:00 News 19:10 Newsline 19:30 Magazine Show 20:00 News 20:10 Focus 20:30 Special English News & Features 21:00 News 21:10 Newsline America 21:30 Music USA 22:00 News & Editorial 22:15 Music USA Jazz 23:00 News 23:10 World Report

TODAY'S EVENTS

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS

Exhibition of photographs of Jordan at the Spanish Cultural Centre.

Output

Description

Output

Description

Output

Description

☆ The British Council is showing an exhibition of work by British illustra-tors. There is also a continuous show-ing of the video "7 Illustrators at Work" throughout the exhibition.

* North Korean art exhibition at the

★ Book and Computer exhibition at Zarqa Community College.

FILM

* "Charlie Chaplin" collection at 5:00 p.m. at the American Centre.

LECTURE

"Iconoclasm in 8th Century Palestme" by Dr. Robert Schnick, Shell Fellow at ACOR at 7:00 p.m. at the American Centre for Oriental Research (ACOR).

CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre .. Tel. 6610267 Goethe Institute 641993 Soviet Cultural Centre 644203 Spanish Cultural Centre 624049 Turkish Cultural Centre 639777 Univ. of Jordan Library 843555

MUSEUMS

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum" Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00

a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday. Folklore Museum: Jeweiry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mossics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Am-

man. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

SERVICE CLUBS

The Ammon Lions Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the every first and mira weanescay at the Regency Palace Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Clab. Meetings ev-ery second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00

p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Am-man, Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534,

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Amunication (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757. Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic). Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Italian lan-guage, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622366

Church of the Annuaciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541. Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 625383, chaplam's residence tel. 001359. mian Catholic Church Ashrafich. Armenian Orthodox Church Ashra-

fieh, Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafich, Tel. 771751. Amusan International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani. Tel.

Evangelical Lutheran Church (Church of the Good Shepherd) Amman. Arabic Service: Sunday 7 p.m. Rev. N. Smir 811295. Rainbow Congression (meets at the

Good Shepherd's Church) Interdenominational-ecumental English Service: Saturday 6:30 p.m. Tel. 822605, Rev. Vels.

FOR THE TRAVELLER

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT**

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it

10:15	Agaha (R
10:20	Lamaca (R
	Damascus (R
	Muscat, Dubai (R
	Sana'a, Jeddah (R
	Abu Dhabi. Bahrain (R
11:30	Kuwait. Dhahran (R
	Helsinki (R
	Caire /R
	New York, Vienna (R
	Bangkok (R
19:55	Casablanca, Tunis (R
00-55	Buchdad (D

10:35 Cairo (MS) 13:60 Istanbul, Ankara (TK)

DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1) 12:00 Amsterdam, New York (RJ) (RJ) Frankfurt Copenhayen (RJ)

20:35 Kuw.ii (RJ) 20:50 Bahram, Doha (RJ) 20:55 Baghdad (RJ)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) 09:15 Berrut (MEA) 11:10 Frankfurt (LH)

PRAYER TIMES

(5:49 (Sunrise) Duha 16:14 'Asr 19:18 Maghreb 28:43 'Isha

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

MONEY EXCHANGE OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

...... Sana'a (LH)

......Jeddah (KJ)

06:30 Caim, London (BA) 14:00 Ankara, İstanbul (TK) 14:30 Bahram (GF)

..... Dhuhr

Sunday rates U.K. sterlingspound 629.3 640.2

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

It will be partly cloudy, with chances northwesterly moderate, and there will be slight increase in temperature. In Agaba, winds will be northerly moderate to fresh and seas calm.

Amman 9 / 20 Aqaba 15 / 28 Yesterday's high temperatures: Am-mun 18, Anaba 25, Humidity readings: Ammun 51 per cent, Aqaba 41 per

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS

NIGHT DUTY EMERGENCIES

Ambulance 193, 775111
Amman downtown fire brigade 198
First aid 630341
778303 Blood Bank Civil Defence rescue 601111
Fire headquarters 622474-3 Fire headquarters 6221784-3 Police rescue 192, 621111, 637777 Police headquarters 639141

HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity Mathas, J. Amman Palesture, Shmeisani Shmeisani Hospital University Hospital Al-Mussher Hospital 667:279
The Islamic, Abdali 66612737
Al-Ahli, Abdali 6641646
Itahan, Al-Muhapeen 7771013
Al-Basher, J. Ashrafieh 775111726

Dr. Ali Al-Zmeili 6168 Dr. Yasser Haddad 67548

Dr. Mohammad Al Awad Piras pharmacy 66191 Al Asema pharmacy TAXIS:

 Badawi tan
 79251

 Agrabawi tan
 872931

 Kayali tan
 78030

 Iyad tan
 740317

 Mu'in tan
 895364

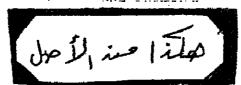
GENERAL

ZAROA:

Jordan Television 773111/19 Ministry of Tourism 64231 Hotel complaints 66412 Price complaints 661176 Telephone Information 12 Jordan and Middle East calls 10 Repair service 11

MARKET PRICES

	
Upper lower price in fils per kg. Apple (French) 420 / 360 Apple (green) 470 / 400 Apple (Lebanese) 300 / 200 Banana 300 / 200	Lemon 25u / 200 Mallow 280 / 209 Marrow 180 / 140 Onion (green) Onion (gre
Banana (Mukammar)	Onion (dry) 160 / 120 Oranges (local) 220 / 180 Oranges (Shammouti) -/- Peas 200 / 140
Carbeage [40 - 100] Carret [70 / 120] Canbillower (white) [50 / 140]	Pepper (hot)
Cucumbers 260 : 200 Eggplant (large) 120 : 80 Eggplant (small) 150 : 120 Garlie (green) 220 : 180	Raddish



机性性性性性性性

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

RELIGIOUS TOURS: Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs officials are currently touring mosques in the Karak region, offering serious and religious guidance to the local population. The tours, which are part of the ministry's programme during the month of Ramadan, also include activities at the Islamic centres around the country. The Department of Awqal and Islamic Affairs in Karak said Zaket from individuals and businesses.

HINDAWI MEETS ENVOY: Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Editation Thougan Hindawi conferred in his office Sunday with French Ambassador to Jordan Patrick Leclercq. They discussed Jordanian-French cooperation in educational, cultural and scientific affairs, and the implementation of a bilateral protocol conducted by a joint Jordanian-French committee.

MAN GETS 5 YEARS: The military court has sentenced Ghazi Ali Ibrahim Al Angar to five years in prison and the payment of a JD 500 fine after being found in possession of dangerous drugs. The military governor Sunday endorsed the sentence.

TREATMENT OF SHEEP: Salt Agriculture Department last month offered treatment to 11,000 heads of sheep, goats and cattle, suffering from various types of illness. The department director said that vets working within the Balqa region carry out regular tests on domestic animals to prevent the spread of disease. He said the governorate now has 117,000 heads of sheep and cows and offers services through centres in Salt, Baqaa and Allan.

ARMY OFFICERS TOUR: A number of Armed Forces officers Sunday visited the Public Security Department's Criminal Investiga-tion Department, where they were briefed by the department director on the department's duties and methods of detecting crimes. Meanwhile a group of policewomen Sunday visited the Police Academy where they were briefed by the academy director and his assistant on its establishment, objectives and future plans, in addition to its role in preparing officers and non-commissioned officers. They also toured the various sections of the academy.

SPANISH DONATION: Spain has donated an ambulance to the Al Flussein Society for the Rehabilitation of the Physically Handicapped. The gift was presented by Spanish Ambassador to Jordan Ramon Armengod to Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid at the society in Amman. Prince Ra'd thanked the ambassador for the gift which will be used to transport handicapped children from and to hospital for treatment. The ambassador lauded Jordanian-Spanish relations and pledged more assistance to the society.

UPU MEETING: Jordan is sending a delegation to the Universal Postal Union (UPU) meeting to be held in Berne, Switzerland, from April 30 to May 5. A Jordanian delegation led by Ghazi Rifai, director general of postal services in the Kingdom will take part in the meetings, which will discuss the UPU's 1989 budget, matters related to air mail services and new regulations on postal packages.

FOOD DESTROYED IN IRBID: Irbid municipality has destroyed 2,497 tonnes of food supplies found unfit for human consumption during the first three months of 1988, according to Irbid Mayor Abdul Razzak Tubeishat. The mayor said the municipality conducted 182 tests on water samples, bought 600 kilogrammes of insecticides. climinated 252 stray dogs and conducted tests on 106 samples of food supplies during that period.

TUNISIAN TRADE FAIR: A Tunisian trade fair will be opened at the Greater Amman Municipality Tuesday. The opening ceremony will be held under the patronage of Deputy Prime Minister Thougan

BANI KINANA: A meeting was held Sunday under the chair-manship of district governor of Bani Kinana to discuss matters related to the 1986-1990 five year economic and social development plan within the Bani Kinana district. The heads of development regions and directors of government departments concerned with the implementation of the plan attended the meeting which discussed schemes that had been implemented and others on which work will

Zakat fund receives Pakistani contribution

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) - Minister of Awgaf and Islamic Affairs Sheikh Abdul Aziz Al Khayyat Sunday received a contribution to the Zakat Fund (alms for the poor) from Pakistan's Ambassador to Jordan Sughir Hussein Syed.

The ambassador handed the minister a cheque of the unspecified sum, which was raised by the Jordanian-Pakistani Friendship Society at its charity bazaar held on March 31 and April 1 in Amman.

The donation will benefit Palestinian university students whose sources of income had been disrupted because of the current situation in the occupied Arab territories. The society President Rael Ni-

em and Zakut Fund Director Mahmoud Allawi were present at the meeting. Sheikh Khayyat later met in his

office with the British Ambassador to Jordan Anthoney Reeve.

They reviewed Jordanian-British cooperation in cultural affairs. and the minister briefed the ambassador on Awquf projects to support the steadfastness of the Palestinian people in the occupied Arab territories in the face of Israel's measures and prac-

Mufti, Awqaf aide leave for Rabat

Meanwhile the general Mufti of Jordan and the Secretary General of the Ministry of Awquf and lamic Affairs left Sunday for Rabat, to take part in a series of religious sessions organised by the Moroccan Ministry of Awqaf during the holy month of Ramadan.

The sessions, to be held under the patronage of King Hassan II of Morreco, cover different leg-islations in Islam and other

Noted Islamic thinkers and scholars are taking part in the

Cabinet endorses law for nursing association

AMMAN (J.T.) - The cabinet has endorsed a draft law on the Jordanian Nursing Association.

Under the provisions of the amendment no one can be considered a nurse or carry out nursing services, unless backed by a licence from the Health Minister and accepted as member of the Jordanian Nursing Association.

All nurses have to serve with the Health Ministry, the Armed Forces and other government hospitals for at least two years after graduating from a nursing

Under the amendment all male and female purses should serve for two years at Health Ministry services and hospitals after graduation in order to meet the present shortage of qualified

nurses in government hospitals. The Higher Health Council is due to meet at Al Hussein Medic-Centre Monday to discuss questions related to the nursing profession in general, and to review a nursing strategy for Jordan from now until the year 2000.

Jordan elected to EBU panel

as member of the European sed different subjects related to Broadcasting Union's (EBU) Executive Engineering Committee at a meeting held in Toulouse,

grouped representatives from broadcasting.

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan was countries in North Africa, Europe last week elected for the first time and the Middle East who discusradio and television broadcasting, ground satellite receiving programmes from European satellite stations and matters related to Delegates to the meeting the general conference on radio

Ma'an to observe Traffic Day

MA'AN (Petra) - A celebration that students in different Ma'an part of Jordan's observation of the International Traffic Day and the Arab Traffic Day, according to a preparatory committee. The committee also decided

will be held at Ma'an on May 4 as a governorate schools will be lectured on traffic problems and traffic regulations on May 4 as part of the process of spreading awareness on traffic rules in the

From the experience gained

from producing the game,

game field is one that has been

dan. "Like food, games and toys

isn't one family no matter how poor here in Jordan that wouldn't

buy their child a toy. We have a

could be tapped to produce all

kinds of toys - either copies of

classic toys or ones designed

here. In this way we could save a

lot of import money, as well as be

Setting up a games industry

The Haya Centre in coopera-

tion with the Noor Al Hussein

Foundation have been looking

into the possibility of setting up a

games industry in Jordan and, as

Sawalha suggests, all that is really

needed initially is a small firm of

designers with low overheads

who could realise the potential

and make the best use of locally

able to export ideas."

varied light industry which

New board game attracts children and adults

By Meg Abu Hamdan Special to the Jordan Times

Alabet AF - Totaling onto the market in time for the Ramadan holidays, a time when parents traditionally buy toys for their children, will be a new locally designed and made board game.

Produced by the Haya Cultural Centre, the Traffic Game is a simple race game for up to four players who try to be the first to reach home-through a course fraught with traffic problems and

With the constant possibility of landing in jail for traffic offences. the game is as much fun for adults as for the five year olds and older children, for whom the game was

The idea for the game began with Haya Centre's Director Nabil

EVERAL

Sawalha. "From watching the children use the Traffic School at the centre. I realised both the children and their families needed to be more aware and know the meaning of traffic signs. as I found that quite a lot of the signs are not well understood," he told the Jordan Times.

Sawalha designed the game himself including, with advice from Derek Ledger of the Royal Automobile Club, up to 35 basic traffi signs. With graphics by Reem Farah, the game, which is written in both Arabic and English has been attractively bound and packaged. So much so in fact that the game represents excellent value for the 500 fils retail price, all proceeds from which will go to the Haya Centre.

'Wonderful reception'

"The reception of the game has

been wonderful," Sawalha said, "we have found both individuals and institutions to be very Sawalha feels that the toy and interested in it not only because they realise how important it is to completely neglected here in Jorteach traffic awareness, but also because they are happy to see are a basic commodity, and there something of good quality being produced locally at very reason-

One institution who has been particularly supportive has been the Civil Consumer Society.

Taking 2,600 of each size (the game comes in either 32x32cm or 48x48cm sizes) they have also pledged to take any games the Hava Centre produces in the future in a big enough number to cover any initial production costs. The Royal Jordanian Airline and the Society for the Prevention of Accidents, among others, have also taken large numbers of the

> made products. "When making the Traffic Game, it was a bit of a struggle finding things like the correct plastic bits. No doubt I could have gone abroad and got what I wanted even cheaper, but that would have defeated the object. I may not have found exactly the right pieces but I adapted what was available and came up with a practical solution. As I searched for what I wanted I found everyone to be extremely helpful and cooperative," Sawalha said. "On this basis I believe that Jordan

toys and games. Now we have our own graphic designers at the Haya Centre and with our new found ability of collecting information gained from setting up the Children's Museum we are going on to produce more games," Sawalha concluded.

could excel in producing good

Thus on the agenda is a board game which will be based on the map of Jordan and Palestine which will teach children through play where all the towns and rivers are, what is produced in each area as well as the natural topography of the area and major historical landmarks.

Along the same lines will be a board game based on the seven hills of Amman and finally the Haya Centre museum staff are on our environment and the reworking on a children's version of Trivial Pursuit. All the games will without comprehending its be in both Arabic and English. I dimensions.

(RSS) in cooperation with the Kuwaiti Institute for Scientific Research has completed a study on the manufacture and development of insulating material, using local raw substances.

AMMAN (Petra) — The Royal Scientific Society

Study on manufacture of

The Society's Building Re-search Centre (BRC) carried out the project with active backing from the Ministry of Energy and

Mineral Resources and financing from the Kuwaiu government, according to BRC Engineer Adham Sab'ul Aish. The study covered the prospect of using locally produced primary

insulating material in buildings, Sab'ul Aish said. These primary material, he

material, such as light stones for

the production of a new type of concrete that could be used as an

The study covered the prospect of using locally produced primary material in buildings, Sab'ul Aish

These primary material, he said, are abound in great quantities in the Kingdom, _ and the study aimed to explore the prospect of developing them for use. because they have economic returns and they save energy."

Sab'ul Aish said that the study was divided into three main parts. The first, entitled light concrete, comprises a general summary of a study on light concrete with its technical specifications and their types and means of production in various countries of the world.

RSS study includes use of local raw material

insulating material completed

The first part also contains details about the physical qualities of the light concrete, thermal insulation in building and techniques in the production of light concrete, as well as an assessment of results obtained from previous

The second part of the study deals with the laboratory tests conducted at the BRC for the production of light concrete as an insulating material.

The tests were designed to find concrete with less than 1,400 kilogramme-density per cubic metre, in accordance to internationally recognised standards and specifications in this regard.

The third part of the study deals with the feasibility of using light concrete in insulating walls. and ceilings. This step followed the laboratory tests on the light

Sab'ul Aish said the tests were conducted only on types of light

concrete, produced by the BRC from local raw material; and the types of rock used in the tests was of the kind that can be manufactured in the form of the normal concrete brick. The study, according to Sab'ul Aish, also covered testing the prospect of saving energy and fuel for heating buildings after they had been built, with this type of insulating substance.

Apart from offering the pros-pect of saving energy, light con-crete can be manufactured localy, and so it is economically

Sab'ul Aish said that the study recommended that further tests should be conducted on the light concrete produced by the BRC. with the aim of further improving its quality, and other tests should be conducted on the effects of bumidity, old age, frost and high atmospheric temperature on this new material.

The study also recommended that tests should be conducted on the production of light wall brick. giving particulars about its resistance to destructive elements, its with the purpose of recruiting absorption of water, its ability to technicians and skilled manpow-

These tests will be conducted this year at the BRC, Sab'ul Aish

tion called for publicising and cracks in the walls and ceilings.



Adham Sab'ul Aish

highlighting the outcome of the tests through cooperation with scientific institutions, the media,

lectures and seminars. The study called for training personnel in the use of insulating material in building, introducing the subject in university courses and at vocational training centres Laid plaster and other matters. er, who could help in providing more economical buildings and offer solutions to many problems encountered by the construction He said that one recommenda- business, such as dampness,

New centre created for environmental research

AMMAN (Petra) -- Royal Scientific Society (RSS) Vice-President for Industrial Affairs Arafat Al Tamimi has announced the creation of the Hashemite Centre for Environment Researches, which will undertake researches and consultations on environmentrelated issues, with the ultimate goal of formulating and adjusting environmental policies in line with national planning.

Tamimi said the centre will carry out studies, researches and consultations on environment, and will present the findings to the people concerned.

These studies and researches will follow the setting up of priorities. By using the system analysis, suggesting policies and legislations and supervising their implementation, in coordination

with the parties concerned. The centre will also undertake researches and contractual studies. It will establish an environmental information centre and will work out environmental criteria and codes in cooperation

with the institutions concerned. The centre will further cooperate with Arab and international institutions in the field of information and exchange of expertise, and will conduct joint research and studies in cooperation with the Royal Scientific Society and the University of Jordan.

Tamimi said the centre can have a great contribution to the research on management of water resources, air pollutants and their sources; exploitation of mineral resources; protection from radiation; agriculture and food; environmental considerations in planning residential areas; regional planning and collecting accurate information on demographic growth as a solid basis for architectural planning; the environmental considerations in the transfer of technology and in industrial development, in addition to feasibility studies, environmental technologies, pricing of commodities and analysing environmental policies.

However, Tamimi said, "setting priorities will be one of the most important steps that have to be taken by the centre."

Tamimi said relations with Arab and international organisations are important, because such relation will serve to demonstrate Jordan's keen interest in conservation of the environment. It is envisaged through such relations and contacts that some international policies, based on

Arab and local environmental

policies be formulated, and that

such policies receive international support. Tamimi continued to say that contacts with foreign groups provides an opportunity to define international responsibility for the pollution of the environment, "and to give us the chance to participate in formulating inter-

national legislations for protect-

ing the environment."
Tamimi said Jordan has noticed the dangers encompassing our environment. It has realised the effects of external factors sults of transfer of technology

Study shows deterioration in health situation in occupied territories

AMMAN (J.T.) — A study on the health situation in the occupied West Bank during the years from 1967 to 1986, published Sunday reveals a continuous deteriorating situation in health services to the Arab population.

The study compiled by the Health Ministry in Amman pointed to Israel's plans of the development of the economic shrinking the number of hospitals and social sectors in the Arab that offer services to the Arab inhabitants, particularly the Hospice Hospital in Jerusalem which was closed down in 1985.

It said that the closure of that hospital has deprived some 150,000 Arab residents from medical treatment, forcing them to seek such services at Israeli

hospitals. The Israeli authorities transformed the government hospitals in Ramallah and Nablus into a study said. military centre and a military prison respectively, and down-

was deteriorating in view of Israel's inhuman practices, its construction of settlements on Arab land, the heavy taxes imposed on the Arabs, the poor wages it offers to Arab workers and measures designed to impede

dispensary, the report noted.

It said that the health situation

territory. These measures, it added, make it difficult for the Arab inhabitants to acquire proper medical treatment, since they can not afford the cost, especially at

in 1967 was 27, and has now shrum to 22 with 1,311 beds down from 2.045 beds in 1967

It said that the number of graded Salfeet Hospital to a mere 155 in 1986 at the rate of four said,

clinics annually, but there are large population centres, especially in rural areas, which are still deprived of medical services.

The mother and child centres

increased from 22 to 83, covering only 20 per cent of the total need, and school health services have been neglected, with only six medical teams serving all schools throughout the occupied region, the study noted. The study said that laboratories

in the West Bank now number 12, and pharmacies do not exceed 110, while the number of doctors Israeli hospitals now stands at 465, including 71 The number of Arab hospitals specialists. These numbers are not suffi-

cient to meet the requirements of the growing population, and many medical technicians and specialists are continually being forced to emigrate in view of the clinics grew from 78 in 1967 to intolerable situation, the study

University hospital to care for patients referred to from centres

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordan University Hospital has been entrusted by the Health Ministry to carry out all necessary medical services and offer care to patients referred to it from health centres around the Kingdom.

The Jordan University Hospital will receive JD 300,000 from the Health Ministry annually for carrying out this service which would be complementary to that offered to the public by Al Bashir Hospital in Amman, in accordance with an announcement made by Health Minister Zaid Hamzeh Saturday.

The announcement came at a

meeting chaired by the ministerto discuss the new arrangements in view of the growing pressure on Al Bashir Hospital by increasing number of patients.

The Health Ministry has allocated JD 3.5 million for providing medical service to the public at Al Bashir and the Jordan University Hospitals, and to cover the cost of providing treatment if these two hospitals were forced to refer patients to private hospitals, the inister said.

· Only those patients referred to Ministry centres and other hospit- try's own discretion:

under the provisions of the new agreement, the minister noted.

He said that once the patient has been provided with care and treatment, he should be referred back to his doctor at the health centre in his particular governo-

Holders of medical cards and covered by the public medical scheme, especially the needy and poor people, can benefit from the arrangement and would be exempted from paying any cost for these hospitals from Health their treatment upon the minis-

New clinic opens in Sahab

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jorda-nian Industrial Estates Corporation (JIEC) has opened a clinic at the Sahab Industrial City near Amman to offer medical services. especially first aid and emergency services, for workers employed in the Sahab zone. Nearly 3,000 workers stand to

benefit from these services, according to the Health Ministry. It said that the clinic is part of the ministry's efforts to support the work of Jordanian, Arab and non-Arab investors in Sahab.

According to a ministry official, plans are being drawn up at present for transforming a number of clinics into integrated and comprehensive health centres in Zarqa governorate providing hospital services to the public. The official noted that the Zar-

ga governorate now has a total of 17 medical centres, 14 mother and child care centres, six dental clinics and a number of clinics in the rural areas.

But, he said, the ministry plans to establish an additional 11 medical centres throughout the

Yarmouk university to hold scientific day

IRBID (J.T.) — The Department of Journalism and Mass Communication at Yarmouk University will organise a "scientific and cultural day" on Tuesday, during which a number of university staff members will deliver lectures.

Subjects to be tackled through formation on population developradio, types of news programmes station,

in regional and international radio stations, general outlines of Jordan's information policy and Arab satellite.

During the event there will be a photo exhibition prepared by the department students, an exhibifive separate sessions include in- tion of material depicting Jordan's development through hisment, principles and bases for tory and visits to the various selecting a reportage script for sections of the university radio

Open markets to operate until end of Ramadan

AMMAN (J.T.) — Ramadan's open markets operated by the General Union of Voluntary Societies (GUVS) will remain operational until the end of the holy month of Ramadan, according to a GUVS official.

He said the proceeds of the three markets, which were opened in Amman Saturday, will benefit GUVS's charitable and philanthropic schemes.

The three markets at Hai Nazzal, Mahatta and Jabal Hussein were inaugurated Saturday by

Greater Amman Mayor Abdul Ra'ouf Al Rawabdeh.

Merchants at these markets sell a variety of popular commodities ranging from food supplies. domestic appliances to gifts and children's toys.

The markets are intended as a means to involve the widest possible margin of the Jordanian public in GUVS charitable work, enabling them to benefit from their purchase and at the same time benefitting charitable projects, according to the official.

Jordan Times

Chairman of the Board of Directors: MAHMOUD AL KAYED

Responsible Editor and Director General:

MOHAMMAD AMAD

ш

The rify uld

de

nts 'ut

ed

i

W

Editor-in-Chief: RAMI G. KHOURI

Editorial and advertising offices:

Jordan Press Foundation, University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171-6, 670141-4, 666265-2

Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

13 years of strife

LEBANON this month entered the 13th year of bloodshed and violence. When simmering factional feuds broke out into open warfare in 1975, almost everyone thought the fighting would end in weeks. But now, 13 years of untold suffering and over 175,000 deaths later, peace remains elusive as ever; if anything, the most optimistic optimists tend to see no light at the end of the tunnel. The country has been divided into "cantons"; the economy is in shambles and outside powers are freely pursuing their game of pitting the Lebanese against each other. Above all, the country is almost starving.

The sole hope round the corner for the Lebanese appears to be the presidential elections coming up in September; the hope that things will change with a new president who can launch a new process of national reconciliation. Syria, the main power broker in Lebanon, also appears to have pinned some hope that American intervention with the Lebanese right could turn things around for the better. Yet, the Arab World cannot but question what price the Syrians will be paying for the American role. History has taught us the enormity of the strings attached to American help, and we cannot ignore the possibility that Washington might be hoping to use the Lebanese card with the Syrians at the expense of the Palestinian cause. Indeed, hopes are far from realities, and no-one needs to be told that Syria, more than anybody else, knows the double-edged nature of dealing with Washington.

At the same time, we hope the U.S. administration the present one and whichever succeeds it - will accept the reality that the Lebanese strife is a byproduct of the overall Arab-Israeli conflict, and will work towards a comprehensive solution addressing all aspects of the root cause, rather than offering a piecemeal Lebanese solution which, needless to say, cannot last as long as the Palestinian problem remains unaddressed.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Raï: Palestinian wrath

SATURDAY was the day of Palestinian wrath declared by the uprising leadership in the occupied Arab territories in the wake of the assassination of Khalil Al Wazir. To ensure its hold over the Palestinians, the Israelis in retaliation imposed a complete siege on 400,000 residents in refugee camps. But Israel does not realise that Palestinian wrath will not last for a day or two, but will continue and will escalate until the Palestinian people have regained their rights and their usurped lands. This means that Israel should expect more violent protests against Israel's crimes, and that the wrath will last as long as the occupation persists and as long as the Israelis continue their repressive measures against the Arab population. The Palestimians are not the only Arab people whose wrath had been aroused as a result of the assassination of the Palestinian leader, and Israel should realise that its actions are drawing more and more anger and more violent actions from the Arab World as a whole. The Arabs should know for their part, that the Israelis are rejecting all bids for peace and that it is incumbent upon them to develop their concerted actions and undertake measures to confront all eventualities resulting from any new Israeli adventure or any form of aggression. If the Arabs are serious about deterring Israel from committing further atrocities, they should adopt a new and more firm stand that can force the Israeli enemies and their allies to accept the idea of genuine

Al Dustour: Massacre of the innocent

THE horrible blast that caused the loss of innocent life in the Lebanese city of Tripoli represents a new evidence that the crisis in the embattled country is far from being settled. The explosion is an indication that the conflicting factions are still adamant in their positions and are unwilling to reach a compromise that would make their countrymen live in peace. There is no more need for identifying the group behind the blast, nor is it necessary to point an accusing finger to those who work in the dark to wreck the Lebanese society, as long as the heads of the factions and the leaders of the warring groups are bent on rejecting peace bids and are determined to keep the country in abject poverty and in a state of complete despair. Perhaps what is most sinister about the blast in the Lebanese city is that it took place at a time when a flurry of diplomatic and political activity is underway to secure agreement among political parties on the coming presidential election. This blast could be a harbinger for a series of bloody explosions that would ruin all attempts to lead Lebanon out of the present dilemma. This blast could be seen as an indication that the Lebanese crisis is bound to escalate and aggravate; and that more Lebanese people will pay the price of their leaders' obstinacy. We feel horrified and deeply pained to see innocent people fall victim to terrorism, and we appeal to the Lebanese leaders and people to take lessons from the past events, and speed up efforts towards reconciliation.

Sawt Al Shaab: Horror, bloodshed

LEBANON was Saturday again the scene of horror and bloodshed with the car bomb blast that occurred in the northern city of Tripoli. It seems that criminal elements are bent on implementing the destruction of Arab society in Lebanon and in the Arab World through more atrocities and more crimes. It is indeed horrible to see the Lebanese people suffering from criminal actions following all those years of bloodshed and civil war, and it is revolting to see such despicable crimes committed against innocent residents. The enemies of the Arab Nation are bent on destroying the Arab order, and they find in Lebanon a fertile soil for carrying out their criminal mission. The new crime and the mass murder committed in Tripoli prompts us to ask questions about the future of Lebanon, and to wonder about the fate of the Lebanese society and the innocent women and children in the streets of Lebanese cities. Since the Arab order is at stake, and since the enemies of the Arab World are still active and bent on causing harm to the Arab Nation. Arab countries should not remain impassive. It is time for the Arab leaders to exert all their efforts and to take all appropriate measures to stop further terrorism from being practiced by Israel and Iran against a sister Arab state.

Time for new Arab strategy?

By Waleed Sadi

HAVE the Palestinian freedom fighters on the West Bank and Gaza Strip become mere gladiators for the Arab World to watch in admiration and clap for with pride? After four months of unrelentless Palestinian revolt against Israeli occupation and oppression. Arab reaction to the glorious Palestinian revolt seems to be confined to cheering and offers of blessings. To put it a bit more bluntly, the Arab World appears to view its role in the context of the Palestinian uprising as a spectator among several other spectators and to make pious judgments every now and then.

What is most upsetting also is the fact that the Arab World appears to pin complete hope on the ability of the uprising Palestinians to achieve and obtain what several Arab armies had failed to do over a span of four decades. It is noteworthy to recall that the leaders of the uprising never entertained such high aspirations on their own. The obvious intention and purpose of the Palestinian uprising was and still is to awaken the Arab World first, the Israelis second and the international community third, to their enslavement, occupation and unyielding aspiration for liberation

In other words, the intentions were to have the uprising play the role of a catalyst which would galvanise inter-Arab action, crystalise world opinion and challenge Israeli public conscience with a view to realising a viable and durable peace formula with which all the parties to the conflict can live with in honour. The forces that were unleashed by the Palestinians never intended to accomplish by themselves the national feat of driving the invading Israeli annies from the occupied Arab territories.

On the basis of the aforementioned, one would have thought that the Arab World could offer the Palestinian insurrection the kind of support and solidarity that could cement the organic links between

the Palestinian Arabs and the rest of the Arab peoples. After all, the struggle being waged by the Palestinians could continue for many months, even years, and in the end it may assume bloodier proportions and dimensions. What is to become of the uprising if it is to be actively unattended by the Arab countries? For how long can it feed on itself and sustain its strength, vitality and dynamism without sound Arab support? And even more pressing are the challenges that could emerge upon the termination of the uprising. Surely it cannot go on indefinitely and there will come a day when the Arab World, the Palestinians especially, will have to reckon with its sweet fruits and bitter limitations. No true Arab nationalist would want the uprising to extinguish itself without attaining at least its principal objectives.

We have seen already what effect the Palestinian uprising has had on the Arab World. In a nut shell, the effect on the Arab World leaves much to be desired if one values reactions in real and meaningful ways. On the Israeli side, one can argue that the unfolding of the Palestinian drama over the past four months has had some positive effect on the Israelis in the sense that it has helped to awaken the Israeli public conscience to the Palestinian yearning for liberty and recognition.

In specific terms, however, the Palestinian revolt has contributed to the double phenomenon of softening the doves on the Israeli scene and the hardening of the hawks among them. Many observers contend that the rightists in Israel have gained the upper hand in the wake of the Palestinian revolt. It is, in fact, premature to draw hasty conclusions on that score. If anything, the Palestinian uprising may have rendered Israel, country and people more amenable to a solution which could relieve them from responsibility for the West Bank and Gaza Strip. Deep in their hearts the Israelis realise that

even if there were a respite in the Palestinian uprising, it is bound to erupt once again as soon as the Palestinians consolidate their gains and regain their strength and energy.

The real problem and challenge lie in the heartland of the Arab World, where, as mentioned above, the Palestinian uprising has succeeded in provoking only cheers and poetic outbursts. The fear is that as long as there is no crystalisation of inter-Arab programmes of action to help rescue the struggling Palestinians from their sufferings, the Palestinians under occupation may despair and take things into their own hands, one way or another. Clearly the populace of the West Bank and Gaza are dismayed by what they have been receiving from the Arab World. What is still ominously lacking is the articulation of a coherent collective Arab policy vis-a-vis the uprising. The absence of genuine cohesion in the Arab

ranks must be most troubling to them. Now, in view of the fact that the Shultz peace plan has suffocated itself, it would be most advisable to convene an Arab summit to deal with the aftermath of the debacle that is brewing in the wake of the demise of that peace initiative.

Time is therefore overdue for fresh strategic rethinking on the part of the Arab World to confront the consequences of the aborted U.S. peace formula. The Arab countries can no longer afford to bury their heads in the sand and pretend that time will eventually resolve the Arab-Israeli conflict on our terms and conditions. It must dawn on us in the Arab World that reliance on the

never assure success and triumph. What we need most now is the drawing up of a common and well-coordinated new strategy to confront the Arab-Israeli conflict head on and on the basis of new bold guidelines.

justness of our case in conjunction with our offer of peace would

Afghan Mujahedeen intensify war, squabble over interim government

By Scheherezade Faramarzi The Associated Press

PESHAWAR, Pakistan - With only a few weeks left before the start of a Soviet troop pullout from Afghanistan, Afghan guerrilla leaders are stepping up their military operations against the Soviet-backed Kabul govern-

They also are pressing their efforts to set up a provisional government to rule Afghanistan after what they expect will be an eventual guerrilla victory. But despite efforts to create an appearance of unity, the various Mujahedeen guerrilla groups continue to debate among themselves over what the government should be like.

Under the Geneva accords signed April 14, the Soviet Union is to withdraw its troops within one year. This will leave the Kabul government, without Soviet troop support, facing the

guerrillas. Since the Geneva agreement was signed, the Mujahedeen --

guerrillas say they killed or wounded more than 160 Afghan government troops and 20 Soviets in those attacks.

"What is clear is that in the current month and, especially, since the signing of the Geneva accord, a significant number of enemy military and command posts have fallen to the Muiahedeen." Mujahedeen leader Burhaneddin Rabanni said in an

"And we expect the attacks to increase" until the Soviet-backed government in Kabul is overthrown, said Rabanni, leader of the guerrilla Jamiat-I-Islami "These are the last days of the

war," asserted Hamed Karzai, spokesman for the moderate National Liberation Front. "As in any war, toward its end, fighting intensifies. Both sides try to establish their hegemony."

Interim government?

who were excluded from a direct government" of national reconrole in the Geneva talks — have · ciliation that would include its reported conducting about a own representatives, the Mujahedozen operations against the deen and other Afghans. But the

Kabul government's army. The Mujahedeen have balked at such to send three delegations within Afghanistan, as well as the rean arrangement, preferring, for now, to organise for an outright Mujahedeen triumph.

Rabanni said that soon after the Geneva accord was signed by the United States, the Soviet Union. Pakistan and Afghanistan, the Mujahedeen gave orders to all field commanders to launch attacks on enemy strongholds.

He said since the accord stipulates that Pakistan, headquarters for the guerrillas, should refrain from aiding the guerrillas, the Mujahedeen have begun setting up new military bases inside Afghanistan.

On the political front, despite some disagreements among the leaders of the seven-party guerrilla alliance, a Mujahedeen-run "provisional government" has held its first session under Ahmad Shah, its president. Shah, a 44-year-old engineer

with the hardline Ittihad Islamic

Party, said in an interview that

the 14-member cabinet will meet The Kabul government has once a week to outline programspoken of forming an "interim mes and plans for setting up the government. Some want elections government inside Afghanistan. The cabinet answers to a supreme council of guerrilla leaders.

the next week to different areas in Afghanistan to find a safe place to base the provisional govern-

However, Sebaghatullah Mojadeddi, leader of the Afghan National Liberation Front, is wary of the provisional government in its present form.

"How can we have a government when it has not been approved by the people?" he said. "We will have problems in the future. Up to 700,000 Afghans are armed and when the government is weak, there are going to be clashes and blood-

He noted that Shi'ite Muslim groups, who are not represented in the provisional government, will be among the disgruntled. Most Afghans are Sunni Mus-

Divided over elections

The parties also are divided over the form of elections to be held for approving an interim among the 3.5 million Afghan refugees camped in Pakistan, while others favour balloting among the Mujahedeen inside

fugees, for'a 216-member council to confirm the government.

This conneil would draw two members from each of the 28 provinces and command districts in Afghanistan.

Another alternative calls for the formation of a 75-member consultative assembly made up of religious scholars, intellectuals, technocrats, scientists, and the Mujahedeen, to replace the 21man supreme council.

According to Shah, however, confirming the provisional government is secondary. Of more immediate concern, he says, is organising militarily to assure that the Kabul government will fall in the shortest period of time and deciding "how to present our government on the political level to the world and how to convince Islamic countries and others to

recognise our government." Rabanni sees the provisions of the Geneva accord as a draw-

The Geneva accord brought about a lot of problems," he said, including the question of refugees returning while the war goes on and the possibility of a cutoff or decrease in humanitarian aid.

"The Mujahedeen may no longer receive the same political and military support from the world. Rabanni said. "False propaganda may, after the Geneva accord. give the impression that following Soviet withdrawal, fighting inside

Afghanistan is an internal con-

flict. Therefore we will not get help. We will be isolated." The guerrillas say there is no chance for a reconciliation with Afghan President Najib and his Communist supporters.

They differ, however, on the question of how to deal with the Communists, including Najib, if they are overthrown. They believe this will happen three months to a year after the withdrawal of the estimated 115,000 Soviet troops.

Alliance chief Gulbaddin Hekmatyar, the most extreme of the Mujabedeen jeaders, bas child for Najib and other senior Communist officials to be put on trial. Mojadeddi, however, says that if Najib and other Communists "repent" and "embrace Islam" or promise not to "wage war against Islam," they ought to be par-

This is not the time for revenge," he said.

Life in Iran: Missiles, markets and mullahs

By Hanns Neuerbourg The Associated Press

TEHRAN, Iran — The scenery is magnificent: the snow-capped Elburz mountains rising majesti-

cally outside the capital. But cynical residents say the credit for that belongs to Saddam Hussein, the president of Iraq, which has been at war with Iran since 1980.

In normal times, the Elburz mountains are often obscured by curtain of smog.

But since the "missile war of the cities" prompted a mass exodus from Tehran, pollution has radically declined.

"Hussein could become minister of the environment" was the ironic comment of an Iranian interpreter who accompanied a Western press group on a recent visit to Iran.

About half of Tehran's 6 million people — by private esti-mates 8 million plus — are believed to have left the city after it became the target of long-range Iraqi missiles.

Many who stayed are fright-

In the hope that reinforced concrete will offer protection against the missiles, the wealthy have packed the major hotels, paying a room rate of 6,100 rials a night. That is \$91.50 at the official exchange rate and is more than one tenth of a worker's average monthly salary.

Some low-income families have moved into improvised air raid shelters, often underground parking lots, taking along carpets and other personal belongings. Anyone who loots an empty apartment faces arrancient punishment

the right hand is cut off. The Iraqi missile attacks have already claimed more than 1,000 civilian lives in Tehran, chiefly in the poorer quarters. Fears of a further escalation have mounted since the gas attack at Halabja, a Kurdish town in northeastern lraq, after it was captured in an Iranian offensive in March,

were killed and 7,000 injured in the attack.

Iraq recently acknowledged for the first time that it has been using chemical weapons barred by 1925 Geneva protocols. Its claim that Iran is also using them has been emphatically denied by Tehran and diplomatic sources here say they have no reason to question that denial.

How long will the war con-

Iran has said it will accept a cease-fire only if Iraq is formally identified as the aggressor by the international community and is punished. It demands the ouster of Iraqi president and several hundred billion dollars in repara-

An Iranian businessman who spent several years in the West said most people are tired of the war but generally fail to understand why the United Nations cannot rule it was Iraq that started it.

"That would be the first step to a solution," he said. But Iraq refuses to accept the

blame, and the matter remains in dispute. "We will fight until final victory," a crowd chanted during

one recent Friday-prayer service

on the Tehran University

Iran, with a population estimated at 46.6 million, three times that of Iraq, has an inferior arsenal and airpower. It has aiready paid a heavy toll. By the end of 1986, the number of dead or wounded was estimated by the Stockholm Peace Research Insti-

tute at 750,000. It said the actual

figure may be much higher.

The economic costs of the war are staggering, chiefly because Iraqi air attacks have slashed oil revenues and refinery capacities. In 1986, according to the local press, Iran had to spend \$1.5 billion of scarce foreign exchange to pay for imports that otherwise would have been covered by oil exports. This was more than twice the total of revenues from

rugs.
Coping with runaway inflation has become a daily chore for the average Iranian.

Basic food is rationed and most is still relatively inexpensive. The price of a kilogramme of bread is the rial equivalent of 60 cents at the official conversion rate, but a kilogramme of rationed meat is \$10.50. A worker making the equivalent of \$600 a month has to

moonlight to support a family. The prices of non-essential items are soaring. They range from \$330 for a toy F-14 tomcat fighter plane made in Taiwan with U.S. military markings and \$360 for a pair of Turkishmade blue jeans to \$19,500 for a 13-year-old Paykan car, with a British-made Hillman engine and an unspecified number of miles

Quite a few Iranians apparently can still easily afford such prices and even greater luxuries,

Private wealth has been widely left untouched by Ayatoliah Ruholiah Khomeini's Islamic revolution and free enterprise is encouraged by the Koran, the Islamic holy book. The black market has become so much a part of the economy that the "free" exchange rates are regularly quoted by the national news agency, IRNA.

And although the United States remains the "great satan," the U.S. dollar is the preferred currency and at the free-exchange rate one dollar fetches 1,165 rials. 17 times the official rate.

"I know of a woman who still flies to Paris every spring to buy a new collection of clothes, spending perhaps \$15,000 or more," said one European resident at a dinner party replete with whiskey, rock music and dancing all forbidden -- in Shemiram, the elegant section in northern Tehran.

Shemiram has been spared by Iraqi missiles so far. But even there, some villas and apartments are empty because their owners Iran claims that 5,000 civilians non-oil exports, led by Persian have fled to Caspian Sea resorts,

French setback highlights plight of hostages

By John Baggaley Reuter

BAHRAIN - When Beirut airport cleared a Falcon 50 jet for take-off to France this weekend, it underlined the unpredictable plight of hostages being held in Lebanon.

Three Frenchmen, whose freedom could have provided a political coup to contender Prime Minister Jacques Chirac one day ahead of presidential elections, were left behind to an uncertain fate shared by at least 23 other foreigners.

Disappointed French negotiators flew home after a last minute snag prevented them freeing Marcel Fontaine, Marcel Carton and Jean Paul Kauffmann from three years of captivity.

The three — two diplomats and a journalist — are among dozens of foreign nationals who have been seized in the war-torn country since 1984 in an epidemic of kidnapping. More than two dozen are still held.

The victims, mainy diplomats, churchmen, teachers and journalists, were seized by gunmen pressing political demands, airing grievances, seeking cash or sometimes due to mistaken identity. Varied motives have added to

the emotional pressures on relatives and governments, and to the uncertainty about the safety of those held, some in Beirut's sprawling suburbs and some outside the city. In the four years since the

kidnapping epidemic began, some victims have scarcely had time to become accustomed to captivity. For others, the years pass with no end in sight.

The longest-held victim, American Terry Anderson, the Middle

East bureau chief of the Associated Press news agency has been missing since March 16, 1985. The lack of any pattern to kidnapping is shown by the long list of victims. The first to be seized in 1984 was the Saudi Arabian consul Hussein Farrash,

grabbed on January 17 and held by Islamic Jihad until May 1985.

Two Americans were the next victims of gunmen — Malcolm Kerr, the president of the American University of Beirut (AUB), was shot and killed on January 18. Islamic Jihad claimed responsibility and warned the next day it would strike again until all Americans and French quit the

country. Another AUB man was luckier. Frank Regier, an electrical engineering professor, was abducted in February but freed two months later. Two 16-year-olds, the twin

sons of the Kuwaiti embassy health counsellor, were the next victims, seized one day in February and released the next. On March 16, William Buckley, a 57-year-old American political officer, was kidnapped.

Iranian Islamic Jihad (boly war) announced his "execution." His body has not been found. Other killings — announced as "executions" — have provided grim proof that freedom is only

Nearly 19 months later, the pro-

one possibility. British journalist Alec Collett, 64, was taken in March 1985 and year later, April 1986, the revolutionary organisation of socialist Muslims announced his "execution by hanging." Again,

no body was found. The same month, the body of Peter Kilburn, the 60-year-old American librarian at AUB, was found, with a note nearby from Arab commando cells. Islamic Jihad initially claimed his kidnap but later dropped his name from

all statements. Islamic Jihad also claimed, then denied, seizing Denis Hill, a British AUB teacher, on May 27, 1985. His body was found the next day.

The proliferation of factional groups has meant nationality, background, position, or political ideology were no guarantee of safety in the strife-torn country. A Canadian relief worker, an Italian businessman, two British women — an unusual departure

September 1985. The women were freed the next month. Four Soviet embassy staff were kidnapped on September 30,

1985, with the Islamic liberation organisation Khaled Ibn Al Walid forces claiming responsibility.

Three were freed a month later but one, Arkady Katkov, 32, embassy consular secretary, was

shot dead on October 2. Another group, calling itself the "organisation of the oppressed in the world," announced on December 24, the Christian Christmas eve, it had killed Jew-Haim Cohen Halala, seized in-Beirut. His body was later found.

A week later, the "organisation" said it killed a second kidnapped Jew, Isaac Tarrab. Photographs of Hageard captives have kept the plight of the captives in the public eye. They are sent to authenticate warnings of trial or "execution," to pressure governments to meet demands, or to warn them off some;

particular policy. Pictures have been sent to prove the determination of the captors. Islamic lihad issued a statement early in 1986 accompanied by photographs of the body of kidnap victim Michel Senrat.

He was seized in May, 1985. Efforts to free the kidnapped have involved tortuous negotiations. The most notorious was the Iran-contra scandal which aimed to exchange U.S. hostages in Lebanon for arms for Iran and cash for Central American guer-

rillas, British church envoy Teny Waite appeared to lead a charmed life as he shuttled botweeh cast and west Behut. Then he vanished presumably kidnapped.

The tricky nature of any negotiation is well demonstrated by the scandal that shock the Reagan administration and led to: Waite presumably joining cap tives he was attempting to free Money sometimes works. The

fighting revolutionary cells demanded a \$10 million canson for from the norm of kidnappings a kidnapped South Korean wife were seized during August and was later released.

U.S. considers sending coast guards to Gulf

WASHINGTON (AP) - The deployment of coast guard vessels in the Gulf has been raised ugain at the Pentagon, a Defence De-partment official confirmed

Saturday night.
"It was the brainchild of the commandant of the coast guard last year and it went nowhere," said the official, who asked that he not be identified by name. "It was raised again last week. I don't know how serious it is.' A defence department spokesman, Major Randy Morger, said he had no information on the

The New York Times said in its Sunday editions that the coast guard vessels would assist larger warships in escorting merchant vessels, keeping watch over sea lanes to prevent the laying of mines and guarding offshore installations from attacks by small larger ships from routine patrols. the paper said.

The Times quoted unidentified Pentagon officials as saying they did not know how many or precisely what kind of coast guard vessels would be sent if Defence Secretary Frank Carlucci approved the plan.

The coast guard is eager to

assume a role in the Gulf operations, officials told the Times. The idea of using coast guard vessels had been proposed last October but was rejected by then Defence Secretary Caspar

The Reagan administration ex-Gulf last summer at the request of Knwait.

essential to protect freedom of of the Roberts.

navigation in international wa-The vessels also would free ters, announced the navy would protect any Kuwaiti-owned tankers that were re-registered to fly the U.S. flag. Ultimately, 11 Kuwaiti ships were re-flagged.

On Friday, administration officials said the Reagan administration has decided to expand its policy to allow U.S. warships to aid neutral nierchant ships under

The change resulted from the mining of the U.S. frigate Samuel Roberts April 14 and last Monday's extensive fighting between Iranian and U.S. forces, the officials said.

The Reagan administration expanded its naval presence in the sank or crippled six Iranian vessels that challenged them after they destroyed two offshore plat-President Reagan, saying it was forms in retaliation for the mining

Despite the change in policy, the Pentagon hopes that it can avoid the assignment of additional ships to the Gulf, the officials

The Pentagon recently has deployed the following numbers and types of ships in the Gulf: two command ships, one cruiser, one destroyer, six frigates, six mine-sweepers, and an amphi-

The department announced last week that the navy was deploying 13 ships to the Gulf region but said it was part of a long-planned and routine series of rotations. Pentagon spokesman Dan Howard said he announced the ship movements to head off speculation that the United States had decided to increase the size of its Middle

King: Jordan will never seek to replace PLO

(Continued from page 1) the Jordanian Constitution," the King said.

The King expressed pride over the steadfastness of Iraq in the face of Iranian aggression and its defence of Arab soil and

sovereignty.
Following are major excerpts
from His Majesty's speech:
"I have always tried and will always continue to perform my duties under these difficult circumstances in the face of challenges and dangers which threaten the present and future of the Arab Nation. I am well

Same political

Geneva is

ion that are

an internal

we will be

be isolated.

S say there,

econciliation.

ent Najib at

however, e

i to deal se

schiding Ver

brown. The

i happen t

वा और les

f Gulbaddin

Si extreme e

anen isa

(a be nator

OWEVET, SE

ther Come

-mbrace lefe

MARC BAR

ught to br

o The K

प्रदेश कार्य

Septembe

المتعاديا

ded the Alt

<u>در ان م</u>

dy Kata

31 Secretal

in Cha

المنا الا (a)213. x52 u.is later c

ed a second rac Tants of Haggst the plant where the mixture for union, up to me to me to me

TO SERVICE STATE OF THE PARTY O

)ciober :

poners

aware of the responsibility that we all carry towards our future generations and the responsibility to defend the truth and bomeland as well as the entire Arab Order within the Great "I believe that our country, through its strategic location

and the efforts of its citizens who are carrying the message and flag of the Great Arab Revolt, is now at a stage where it can perform its duty towards the Arab Nation in a satisfactory way and has become the centre of reliability for all. "Everybody in the Arab Na-

tion knows that we have no ambitions or objectives or concealed designs, and our goal is to nothing but to fulfil our duty so that the Arab Nation, with the help of God, will be strong in the face of challenges and will be capable of overcoming the difficult tests in the face of the malicious big powers sur-

rounding us. "The steadfast Arab Iraq, through its sacrifices in the defends its land and existence but also the Arab Nation.

"Near us on the other side are our brethren, who, after 20 years of occupation, have started this magnificent uprising which groups the young, old, women, children and men in a horoic stand in the face of occupation and its oppressive

"In every place, we find the Arab citizen following the path of steadfastness, never succumbing to despair since despair will never find its way to

the soul of the faithful. "As we stand with all our resources and power by the side of our brethren we are performing our duty towards them and towards ourselves and towards future generations.

"We are always continuously working to build our strength as God has told us in the

"If we look back and remember previous years we will find

"- in 1948 the Arab Army numbered 6,500 including every rank. Now the Armed Forces number 129,000 soldiers under arms. In addition, there are the reserves, the Popular Army and the modern arms in the hands of the faithful capable to work with them in the best menner to defend the land and preserve this country's status as a shield for the Arab Nation and its rights."

"We have achieved great developments in all aspects and venues of life... as a result of determination, understanding and sincerity. We pray God continue to guide us to achieve

our aims. "We stand by our brethren under all circumstances.

"If there is to be a political solution to the central cause of our problem - the Palestinian question - it is inevitable that this should be achieved through an international peace conference with the participation of the U.N. Security Council and all parties involved in the conflict, including the PLO, the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian people.

"Jordan shall never replace the Palestinians or seek to ume the role of the PLO, the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian people. Yet, Jordan is willing to go the joint delegation with the Palestinians if the involved parties - I mean the Palestinian side and our brethren elsewhere in the Arab World -

We have stood firm with the tide of the Great Arab Revolt in the face of evil designs against the Arab identity of Palestine and the rights of our brethren in the Palestinian soil. We support our brethren with all our canabilities and resources. This is our duty and this is our fate.

"As we stand by our hrethren in the occupied territories and on the side of Iraq which defends the Arab Order, we also stand by the side of every Arab brother who faces aggression and we in Jordan remain one family, one hand and one heart. Every single person in this land is a member

of this family and every person, regardless of the place his ancestors came from, is an Arab of this land and has his place in this family and in this march. Every person knows that he has obligations as much as he has rights and respect as specified in the Constitution of this country and we all stand with one hand and one heart. facing any attempt to dismember and weaken us and infringe

upon our national unity." Sunday's Iftar banquet in Irbid was attended by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, former prime ministers, the chief of the Royal Court, the chief chamberlain, the Armed Forces commander-in-chief, members of the Upper and Lower Houses of Parliament, former ministers and prominent officials in the governorate and tribal

Arafat arrives in Syria

(Continued from page 1)

noticed unusual security precautions in the camp by Sunday evening and most had assumed that visiting Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati might be passing through the area. But, by late evening "security was so intensified that there was no doubt that Abu Ammar

was coming," said a resident.

It was clear from the short time it took such a big crowd to gather around the PLO leader that many had not bothered to finish their iftar meal. They lifted the car that Arafat was in and carried him on their shoulders to the grave to to his deputy who was gunned down in Tunis April 16.

Demonstrators chanting Palestinian nationalist slogans took to the streets and singing and dancing continued late into the night to mark the occasion of the visit of Arafat, who was expelled from Syria five years ago after a feud with the Syrian lead-

The long-awaited reconciliation meeting between Syrian President Hafez Al Assad and Arafat was expected to take place late Sunday or Monday, according to informed sources. The sources said Syria had sent an official invitation to Arafat late Saturday.

"There is an official decision that PLO-Syrian relations should be normalised despite the differences," said the source.

Reports from Lebanon said that in Beirut's refugee camps, which bore the brunt of the feud. Syrian-PLO fighters fired their automatic weapons in the air in a show of joy that Arafat was in

The PLO chairman flew in from Libya.

He was accompanied by other senior PLO officials apart from Abu Iyad as well as Libya's Chief of Staff Lieutenant-General Bou Bakr Younes.

Asked if he would meet with Assad, Arafat told reporters:

Washington studies Chinese stand on Iran arms

WASHINGTON (AP) - The government is studying the Chinese reaction to US. attacks on Iranian targets in the Gulf to see if Peking has reversed its willingness to go along with an arms embargo

against Iran, officials said. Winston Lord, the U.S. ambassador in Peking, in formed Chinese authorities about the U.S. decision to retaliate against Iran for a mine explosion that damaged an American warship, and discussed the issue with Chinese authorities, said the U.S. officials, speaking Saturday on

condition of anonymity. The United States has been pushing other Security Council members to enact an arms embargo against Iran for refusing to accept a call by the council for a truce in the 71/2year-old Iran-Iraq war.

While lobbying for the embargo, the United States has sought continuous reassur ances from China that it will not exercise its veto power if the rest of the Security Council approves the ban.

Chinese Foreign Minister Wu Xueqian said during a visit to Washington last month that his government thought the ban was a poor idea, but would not block it.

In their latest comments, the Chinese repeated their view that an arms embargo would be a mistake and expressed concern that the clashes in the Gulf are creating an improper atmosphere for U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar's mediation efforts, the officials said.

The Chinese did not say point blank they would veto an arms embargo, one official said. Nevertheless, he said, some U.S. government experts believe the Chinese comments may represent a step away from their earlier vow of pas-

China's concern about an Iranian arms embargo is more than diplomatic. Its arms industry has sold billions of dollars of weapons to both sides in the Iran-Iraq war, including Silkworm anti-ship missiles that have been fired at vessels in the Gulf.

Mestiri: Peace prospects died with Abu Jihad

ABU DHABI (Agencies) — Tunisia's foreign minister said in comments published Sunday that the assassination of Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) deputy military commander Khalil Al Wazir (Abu Jihad) had killed Middle East peace.

Mahmoud Al Mestiri told the already rejected," Mestiri said. Gulf daily A! Ittihad some way should be found of bringing Israel to a peace settlement and this was probably in American hands.

The only problem the peace process has is one enemy, which is Israel." he said. "A peace settlement was killed

by different Israeli positions. The last one which definitely killed it was the killing of Abu Jihad." he added. Abu Jihad was gunned down

in Tunis eight days ago in what Israeli sources have said was a government-sanctioned opera-

Mestiri said he did not expect an Arab summit, planned for Algiers in June, to discuss a U.S. regional peace plan unveiled in February by U.S. Secretary of

State George Shultz. "Israel has rejected the plan. There is no sense in the Arabs

"But we probably should have another way of bringing Israel (to peace) and this way is in Amer-

ican hands." Al Ittihad interviewed Mestiri at the United Nations where a Security Council session, called by Tunisia after Abu Jihad's murder, has been postponed.

Mestiri said a U.S. veto of a Tunisian draft resolution condemning Israel could create problems in his country's relations with Washington.

Israeli version

A U.S. news magazine Saturday quoted Israeli sources as saying Abu Jihad was assassinated because he was planning a new "guerrilla offensive" against Israel and its supporters.

Israeli sources as saying Abu compelling," U.S. News says.

unnamed East European spy agencies to restore PLO combat

The sources said the PLO then planned to "launch a major new series of attacks against Israel itself and Israeli interests and supporters in other countries, including the United States.'

The magazine said some foreign security specialists doubt key aspects of the Israeli version of the story and the Zionist state's

reasons for revealing it. The magazine quotes one Western official as saving: "It has self-serving aspects, involves a strange bunch of bedfellows and doesn't make sense for the PLO

at this time." The officials also are sceptical of Abu Jihad's alleged presence at meetings with leaders he has tought for years, and whether the Mossad, Israel's notorious secret agency, could identify precise details of plans for joint actions by Arab groups, according to the

magazine. "But Israeli sources insist that U.S. News and World Report, the reasons for hitting Abu Jihad in its latest issue, quoted the - and striking now - were

Demjanjuk defence mounts effort

TEL AVIV (AP) — John Demjanjuk's defence team has mounted a desperate effort to block a death sentence for the retired Ohio autoworker convicted of Nazi war crimes.

But the death penalty is expected Monday from the three Israeli judges who pronounced Demjanjuk guilty last week in a sweeping verdict that rejected all defence arguments.

'This verdict paved the way for a death sentence. I would be very surprised if the judges gave Demjanjuk anything less than death," Yossi Hassin, a government-appointed trial spokesman, told

In their 450-page judgment, the tribunal convicted Demjanjuk "without hesitation or doubt" of being the brutal guard "Ivan the terrible." saving he "killed masses of human beings with his own hands" at the Treblinka death camp in Nazioccupied Poland.

Only one man has ever been executed Israel. Adolf Eichmann was convicted and hanged in Defence attorney John Gill says that at Mon-

day's hearing, he will emphasise the fallability of

human memory and introduce 350 cases from as

killed during the five-month uprising in the Israeli-

raised \$650,000 for Demjanjuk's defence, said he doesn't expect clemency.
"The Israelis are killing Palestinians like they were open game," Nishnic said, referring to Arabs

imposed but not executed.

occupied territories. "Israel is going to do with John whatever suits its purpose. It doesn't care what the rest of the world thinks of its judicial system."

early as 1693 in which people later found to be

innocent were convicted and sentenced to death.

conviction was due to mistaken identity, Gill said.

the judges, who in their verdict gave great weight

to the survivors' testimony and praised their

penalty for Demjanjuk, saying "a man convicted

of such terrible crimes deserves no other sent-

Justice Minister Avraham Sharir urged the death

Some Israelis believe the death penalty will be

But Demjanjuk's son-in-law Ed Nishnic, who

"reliability... and excellent memories."

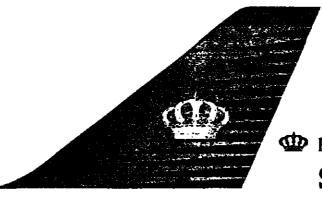
In 62 per cent of the cases, the wrongful

But that argument has already been rejected by



2500 Round Trip

Royal Jordanian is pleased to announce the opening of twice weekly service to Miami from Amman as of May 3, 1988 every Tuesday and Thursday. Serving the U.S. 14 times weekly with all widebody, 3 class flights, Miami is our fourth American gateway along with New York, Chicago and Los Angeles.



W ROYAL JORDANIAN والملكيت، للارونيت، Setting new standards

arban o abu dhari o amsterdam o aqaba o athens o baghdad o bahran o bangkol o beirut o belgrade o brussels o buuharest o cairo o caablanga CHECAGO • COPERRAGEN • DAMASCUS • DHAHRAN • DOHA • DUBAI • FRANEFURT • GENEVA • ISTANBIL • JEDDAH • MARACHI • KUALA LUMPUR • KI WAIT LARNACA • LONDON • LOS ANGELES • MADRID • MIAMI • MUSCUM • MUSCAT • NEW YORK • PARIS • RIYADH • ROME • SANAA • SINGAPORE • TRIPOLI • TUNIS • YIENNA

Israelis raze Gaza homes

(Continued from page 1). A six-day curfew also was ended on more than a dozen towns and refugee camps. But curfews were extended for a seventh day on three towns in the West Bank and a refugee camp in Gaza.

A spokesman said the curfew in the Boureij refugee camp was to allow soldiers to destroy buildings allegedly put up without permits. Arab reports said eight

houses and four shops were destroyed and stone barricades erected by protesters were moved

The army spokesman would not specify what buildings were torn down, and the Arab reporters said they did not know if the buildings were bulldozed or blown up.

In Arab Jerusalem, about 30 police, some in riot helmets and

carrying clubs and automatic rifles, issued orders to shopkeepers opposite Damascus Gate to stop following the instructions of uprising leaders to open their shops only from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.

Police had ordered about 25 merchapts along the street to open from 8:30 a.m. to 7 p.m. Sunday, but the merchants defied the order and threw open their shop doors only at the hours set

A police spokesman said the new police orders issued Sunday specified that the stores must be closed from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. beginning Monday, and several

by the underground leaders.

shopkeepers said they were confused by the conflicting orders. Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat said Saturday that the uprising would continue until there was an

independent Palestinian state.

TAIWAN TOURISMO

Authentic Chinese Food

Korean Bar-B-Q

CHEN'S CHINESE CHINESE RESTAURANT

The first & best Chinese Restaurant in Jordan tst Circle, Jabal Amman, near

MANDARIN Chinese Restaurant

The only typical Chinese cuisine in Amman Chinese Fiaming pot is available Take away available Open daily 12:00 - 15-30 18:00 - 23:30

Wadi Saqra Road - near Traffic Bridge Amman, Jordan Tel: 661922

RESTAURANT Mecca Street, Yarmouk Engineers' Housing Estate, near Kilo Supermarket Mongolian Barbeque for Lunch Friday only

> Tel: 818214 Come and taste our specialities Open daily 12:00 - 3:30 p.m. 6:30 - Midnight

Charcoal Flaming Pot Ópen daily Noon - 3:30 p.m. & 6:30 p.m. - midnight Location: Near 3rd Circle opposite Akilah Hospital

Tel: 641093

CLEANING



Ahlıyyan Gırls School Take away is available Ópen daily 12:00-3:30 6:30-Midnight Tel. 638968

Hashmir Restaurant FIRST CLASS INDIAN RESTAURANT

Special Executive Luncheons Take away service available Open Daily 12,30-3,30 pm 7.30-H.30 pm After the Holiday Inn hotel Towards 3rd circle

Tel-659519 659520

To advertise in this section

Phone 667171-6

EVERY DAY PEOPLE WHO NEED SERVICES-CALL US! **Electrolux** P.O.Box 925229 AMMAN Tel. 604671

Reagan predicts Congress to sustain veto on trade bill

WASHINGTON (AP) — President Ronald Reagan predicted Saturday that Congress will uphold his intended veto of a sweeping world trade bill expected to be sent to his desk in the coming week.

Robert C. Byrd, however, urged the president to sign the bill because "it is no time to dillydally" on the trade issue.

The bill would strengthen laws against foreign unfair trade practices, expand protection for workers who lose their jobs because of imports, give the president authority to negotiate a new global trade agreement and punish the Toshiba Corp. and a Norwegian company for selling sensitive technology to the

Reagan and Byrd exchanged views in the president's weekly radio address and the weekly Democratic response to the presidential talk.

"Some in Congress have put together legislation that would damage our ability to compete with our trading partners," the president said. "Everyone talks

NEW YORK (R) — The Bank of

New York (BONY) said Saturday

it had 46.6 per cent of the shares

of Irving Bank and had extended

its hostile tender offer for five

Wednesday at 5 p.m. (220 GMT).

latest move by SONY to beat out

Irving's newly found white-

knight, Banca Commerciale Ita-

liana (BCI), for control of the

BONY said that as of the close

of business Friday, 7,684,394

irving shares, or 45.6 per cent.

had been validly tendered and

Irving has been fighting

BONY's advances since Septem-

ber 1987. Analysts value BONY's

takeover offer for all Irving

shares - 1.575 million shares of

common stock and \$15 cash per

BONY has set several condi-

tions which must be met before it

is obligated to control Irving,

LONDON (R) — The fate of the International Coffee Agreement

(ICA), one of the last surviving

pacts to stabilise commodity

prices, will be at issue in talks this

week between importing and ex-

The ICA, which expires in September 1989, uses export

quotas to support coffee prices. It

and an accord on rubber are the

only such international agree-

pact in 1985 and the recent sus-

pension of the cocoa agreement's

buffer stock, which has inde-finitely crippled the agreement

and sent prices tumbling, some

consumer nations doubt whether

such pacts can effectively regulate

prices or are worth the cost or

The International Coffee Orga-

nisation (ICO), gathering for its

twice-yearly plenary council ses-sion starting Monday, is just be-

After the collapse of the tin

porting countries.

ments still operating.

aggravation.

Irving share — at about \$65.

not withdrawn.

The new deadline is next

The announcement was the

Senate Democratic leader about wanting a level playing lobert C. Byrd, however, urged field, but what Congress would be doing is putting American industries and workers on the field with one hand tied behind their backs."

> "I have made it very clear to Congress that I will veto this bill and I am confident that my veto will be sustained." he said.

Then I will work vigorously to secure responsible trade legislation and urge the congressional leadership to schedule prompt action on the new bill." Reagan

Byrd told his radio audience, "we are at the 11th hour when it comes to dealing with our nation's trade deficit. This is no time to dillydally (delay)."

The majority leader took aim at Reagan's opposition to a provision in the bill that would require businesses with more than 100 employees to give 60 days' notice expected in mid-week.

BONY is also waging a proxy fight to gain control of Irving's

Irving lawyer Irving Falise told

Reuters at the company's annual

meeting Saturday at BONY's ten-

der offer extension was a clear

attempt to buy time to acquire

the 50 per cent of Irving it needs

York extended the tender offer to

get more shares in," Falise said.

of losing tenders while the win-

ing offer is made by another

party, or if shareholders that have

tendered their shares change

their minds, all or part can be

withdrawn prior to the expiration

Irving's board has approved an

offer by BCI, a Milanese bank

pact comes under scrutiny today

This week it will decide the

procedure and timetable for re-

negotiating or extending the cur-

rent pact, negotiated in 1983. The ICO is unlikely to embark

at this early stage on serious

debate about what a new pact

should include, delegates said.

chance to express preliminary views on how a new agreement should be shaped — or whether one is needed at all.

Brazilian Coffee Institute Presi-

dent Jorio Dauster, Colombia

Coffee Growers' Federation

Manager Jorge Cardenas, and

Kenyan Agriculture Minister Eli-

jah Mwangale will attend the

Assistant U.S. Trade Repre-

sentative Jon Rosenbaum will lead the U.S. delegation. Many of the ICO's 24 import-

Leading figures including

But the forum gives members a

But he said BONY ran the risk

'Obviously, if a better compet-

Obviously, Bank of New

cent of Irving, extends offer

board of directors.

to force a merger.

dow remained open.

date," he said.

Future of international coffee

of its agreement.

ing mass layoffs. Reagan says this provision, supported by organised labour, would damage the competitive position of American business and cause the loss of American jobs.

Byrd, however, called the provision "simple justice, simple decency."

"Right now, many workers get only a week or two or a day or two of warning that their jobs are about to disappear," he said. "About a third of all American workers get no notice at all."

"If the president stands up for America, he will sign the trade bill," said Byrd. "If the president vetoes the trade bill he will be sending another message: The big boys with the golden parachutes count more than the little guy.'

It takes a two-thirds majority of both houses of the U.S. Congress to pass a bill into law over a veto by the president.

The House of Representatives passed the measure 312-107 Thursday. A vote in the Senate is

45 per cent of Irving.

offer as superior.

Most analysts see BONY's

Merrill Lynch analyst Lawr-

ence Cohn said Friday: "Based

on what I have seen so far, Banca

Commerciale can't afford to raise

New York State Supreme

Court Judge Herman Cahn Fri-

day ordered Irving to convene its

annual meeting Saturday and adjourn it until May 6, when he said

polls for the proxy fight would

Falise said the actual results of

the vote probably would not be known for another 10 days or so

Investment bankers for Irving

"We're not going to be giving a

and BONY met Friday morning

by Falise said no details would be

progress report on talks held with

Bank of New York or Banca

countries are still formulating

their positions, but most seem to

believe the accord has a future.

No commodity agreement has ever worked perfectly. ICO com-

posite average coffee prices re-

main more than three U.S. cents

below the pact's 120-140 cents a

pound target range.

stability, delegates said.

of its export earnings.

extending the current accord.

But delegates have said Brazil

can live without it, as its produc-

tion costs are low and coffee

accounts for only about 10 per cent

coffee producer, has announced

it wants to extend the current

under the current pact, they cannot get the types of coffees they

want in the quantities they need.

They also complain about ICO

members selling coffee to non-

members at cheaper prices than

they pay.

The United States, the largest

ICO importer, has said it could

live without an accord.

But many consumers say that

Colombia, the second largest

revealed.

with more than \$60 billion in Commerciale Italiana," he said.

ginning to think about the future ing and 50 exporting member

the bid or is unwilling to."

including elimination of "poison assets, of \$75 cash per share for pill" provisions in Irving's 45 per cent of Irving.

come the present shortage of fresh poultry meat. The ministry normally takes Bank of New York holds 46 per

imported poultry meat such measure when poultry meat AMMAN (Petra) — The Ministry of Supply has provided the in the country is not sufficient for Civil Service Consumer Corporathe markets, according to the tion with imported poultry meat announcement.

The announcement also said that the ministry is importing sufficient quantities of mutton and beef to suffice the needs of the local markets.

18: Amman-Madaba-Mount

Nebo-Amman JD 18; Amman-

Dead Sea-Amman JD 18 and

Amman-Desert Castles-Amman

He also said that the fare of a

rented car for 10 hours to stay

within the Amman region will be

JD 35 and that an hour's fare for

It said that the ministry is last throughout the month of Ramadan only, and will overdistributing 52 tonnes of mutton and 46 tonnes of beef daily to butchers during the month of

IDEC to electrify Irbid rural areas this year

Ministry issues new

AMMAN (Petra) — Transport 50; Amman-Aqaba-Amman JD and Telecommunications Minis- 58; Amman-Jerash-Amman, JD

and back to Amman will cost JD a rented car will be JD 5.

Corporation to provide

ter Khaled Al Haj Hassan Sun-

day issued a new tariff for taxicab

fares transporting tourists and

other people from four or five

star hotels in Amman to

According to the new rates, a

taxi fare from Amman to Petra

which would be sold for the con-

sumer at the rate of 600 fils per

kilogramme, according to a ministry announcement Sunday.

the sale of imported poultry will

The announcement said that

archaeological places in the

IRBID (J.T.) — The Irbid Dis- regions and will improve the extrict Electricity Company (IDEC) will this year complete a project for the electrification of the rural regions of Irbid by supplying power to nine new villages. according to IDEC engineer Abdul Ra'ouf Al Sheikh.

He said that the work will involve laying 23-kilovolt cables along 100 kilometres in different

isting power network. In addition, Al Sheikh said, the

company is now involved in supplying power to the Ramtha industrial zone and carrying out a number of small schemes that involve the purchase of machinery and the installation of a computer and facsimile machines at its headquarters in Irbid.

Committee resolves 31 commercial disputes

AMMAN (J.T.) — An arbitration committee set up by the Amman Chamber of Commerce has settled 31 out of 70 cases brought to it in the first three months of 1988.

The committee comprises five members of the chamber's board, led by Haidar Murad who said that during the same period there were 38 complaints brought against Jordanian firms from Arab and foreign companies, and that the committee settled 15 of

Three of these cases have been

referred to other departments. five were cancelled and eight cases are still pending. Murad

He said that Jordanian companies have raised nine cases against Arab and foreign companies and that the committee has settled two of them so far.

The committee, he said, has received 23 cases in which Jordaman companies are complaining against compatriot companies and 14 of these cases have already

Superstition retains hold over Singapore's businesses

cated centre of high finance but scratch the surface and another image appears.

Superstition is still a powerful But consumers have political influence in the island state, with reasons for supporting the pact, which gives producers economic some businessmen relying on ancient Chinese beliefs to guide their daily dealings as well as information blinked at them from Delegate sources say the largest producer, Brazil, favours electronic equipment.

Chinese make up 76 per cent of Singapore's 2.6 million people and many believe the lunar year of the Dragon which began last

month will be lucky.
"The consensus seems to be that this will be a trading year in the stock market. There will be more gains from moving in and out of the market than simply leaving the money there," said the Straits Times in a review if the possible influences of "Dragon

factors" on the money world. The Business Times financial daily said in an editorial the Dragon was "the celestial power, the Chinese symbol of magna-nimity, benevolence and many

other things good. "One can never know if the

SINGAPORE (R) — Singapore secrets of the future are indeed prides itself on being a sophisti-hidden in the skies, in an almanac, on the palm, in tea leaves, in a stack of cards," it added.

"What is certain, however, is that belief can be an exceedingly powerful force. The people who believe will consciously or subconsciously take steps to make it good. The stock market is one place where this effect is clearly recognisable."

This year is also significant because of the double 8, which many Chinese consider lucky.

Restaurants and hotels report they are already fully booked for wedding banquets on Aug. 8 — 8-8-88 — a lucky combination which occurs only once a century. ' gold.

Dealers expect quiet, nervous transportation fares trading ahead for currencies

LONDON (R) — Dealers in currencies and stocks expect a quiet but nervous — time ahead. Six months after last October's

lobal stock market crash led some to worry about a worldwide economic recession, most dealers and economists now fear

They were unsettled 10 days ago by news that the United States ran a bigger than expected trade deficit in February, fearing it signalled a consumer spending spree on imports that could evenmally rekindle inflation.

And they'll be keeping a careful eye on this week's meetings, in Vienna, between OPEC and oil producing nations which are not members of the group. But many are convinced that

central banks are poised to intervene if currency rates start bouncing - no dealer likes to be at the other end of a telephone when a central banker is buying or selling currencies.

That should keep trading fairly

"The fundamentals do not support a stronger dollar and the central banks won't allow a lower dollar," said Frank Pusateri, assistant vice president at First National Bank of Boston.

The big change since October is that the fundamental factor worrying markets is the risk of inflation, not recession, argues Christopher Smallwood, economics editor of the Sunday Times, in London.

Recession worries — concerns confirmed by the Great Depression of the 1930s — sent share prices plunging half a year after the Wall Street crash in 1929.

"But in 1988, there are other reasons to expect the stock market slide to continue." Small-

"The odds are that the dollar will drop further as America continues to record huge trade de-Scits, and that this will trigger recurrent downward lurches on Wall Street as fears of higher inflation, and thus higher interest

Bond markets

rates, intensify," he argued.

U.S. bond dealers already think higher interest rates are on the way - prices of bonds have been under pressure.

The lower the price of a bond the higher the yield it pay its holders, since they have been able to buy at a discount paper that pays a fixed interest rate.

"The majority of people are betting on higher yields," said Charles Schaefer, of Irving Securities Corp.. in New York.

He said a report, due Tuesday, on U.S. economic growth in the first quarter of 1988 could heighten fears that an American boom could lead to more inflation too much money chasing too few

Oil prices

Oil price rises have also worried dealers recently, as Brent crude oil from the North Sea continued to trade well above \$17 a barrel for most of last week.

Many believe that a worldwide glut of oil would offset the impact of any agreement the Organisa-tion of Petroleum Exporting Countries and other producers might reach in Vienna.

Dealers say oil prices could be volatile this week — and if they rise enough, that could boost

FURNISHED APARTMENT FOR RENT

Spacious three bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, nicely furnished with wall to wall carpet, telephone, garage, independent C.H. It is easily accessible for taxis and the commercial

For enquiries: Tel. 624719 (8 a.m. - 3 p.m.) or 822437 (7 p.m. - 9 p.m.)

Location: Shmeisani.

711421 evening.

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY Needed: Executive secretary for international executive service

Requirements: 1. Fluent in English and spoken Arabic 2. Typing and office procedures

For appointment please call: 815556 ext. 601

3. Ability to deal with the public

Hours: 30 hours a week, five days a week

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

Activity on the Amman Financial Market for April 24, 1988. JD 113966 Top three companies: Intermediate Petrochemical JD 31362 Industries JD 27536 Universal Chemical Industries JD 7993 Arab Bank Ltd. JD 23337 Parallel market: JD 12008 Developments bonds: Treasury bills & bonds:

Rising pay for U.S. executives raises questions of propriety

NEW YORK (R) - The annual pay of America's corporate elite soared by 48 per cent last year, angering some labour leaders and raising questions about the propriety of salaries that reach into the millions.

Other debeutures

The average compensation for the two top executives at 339 U.S. firms surveyed by the magazine Business Week was \$1.8

Jim Manzi, the 36-year-old chairman of the computer software firm Lotus Development Corp, topped the list with 1987 salary and stock options of \$26.3 million. Chrysler Corp Chairman Lee

Iacocca, even after a \$6 million pay cut, was ranked second with \$17.9 million, a figure that led United Auto Workers Vice President Marc Stepp to call Chrysler "selfish, greedy and insensitive."

Six other top executives earned more than \$10 million last year. But is anybody worth that much?

"Nobody's bothered by what Bill Cosby or Michael Jackson make," said Kevin Murphy, a University of Rochester business professor. TV star Cosby, Forbes magazine has estimated, earned

some \$57 million last year. "But that's because people are acutely aware that they're being paid for their performance," Murphy told Reuters. "CEOs (chief executive officers) are im-

portant, too, and can make firms swing in value by billions of dol-"And their high payments are often paltry compared to the gains for the company they make. I don't think Iacocca deserves

even a small fraction of the flak he gets, if you consider the money that's gone to shareholders since he took over," he said. But, said Wharton Business icheri Professor David Larcker. "it's very difficult to know what

the appropriate level of compensation for a chief executive is. There is no benchmark price. Back in 1950, when Business Week's executive Pay Survey first

appeared, the president of General Electric Co. had the highest pay package, totalling \$277,000. By 1960, General Motors Corp's chairman led the list at \$670,350 as he did in 1970, with \$790,000. Lost in the debate over who

gets what and what is too much, some analysts say, is the whole idea of how executive salaries are determined. "I'm a great believer in high

pay for high performance," said Graef Crystal, a professor at the Berkeley Business School in Califormia. "What bothers me is that accompanying this high pay for high performance ought to be high risk," he said.
"The real abuse may lie with

someone making a scant \$2 miltion to \$3 million a year but who has delivered zilch to shareholders." Crystal said. "That's the guy you should be hanging from

the lightpole." Executives mammoth salaries often measure investment savvy

more than managerial prowess. Of the 25 top-paid executives surveyed by Business Week, all but two got most of their money by cashing in stock options at prices fixed previously and often far below the current value of the

"Accountants have been holdoptions since 1950," said Crystal. People have concluded that you can grant these options and don't

have to charge your earnings one nickel," he said. But, he added: "In effect, by

giving a stock option, you have sold stock for less than it was worth, and anytime you sell property at a discount, you must incur some cost."

LUXURIOUS FURNISHED APT. **FOR RENT**

3 bedrooms, 3 bathrooms, 4 balconies, salon and sitting room. 360 square metres. Separate heating and tele-Location: between the 7th and 8th Circles, in front of the American School gate.

Contact Tel. 813249, 842380

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY WANTED

With 100% fluency in English. Good experience in filing, telex, organisation and general secretarial duties.

Please submit full C.V. to:-THE RESIDENT MANAGER P.O. Box 35817, AMMAN.

WANTED FOR RENT

Modern roof-top flat with large terraces or modern small villa - 3/4 bedrooms, 2/3 bathrooms and spacious living areas. Location: Sweifieh, Umm-Uthaina, Abdoun,

Shmeisani or Jebel Amman (up to 6th Circle).

Please call 624446, ext. 212 or 230 between 10:30 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.

Tel: 677420

You are invited to cast your vote at the Danish consulate, for the elections to the Danish Parliament (the Folketing) which will be held in Denmark on Tuesday May 10, 1988 Our office hours are: Daily from 8 a.m. till 3 p.m. Friday from 8 a.m. till 1 p.m. Sunday off

TO ALL DANISH CITIZENS

RESIDING IN JORDAN

Royal Danish consulate, Abdul Hamid Sharaf Street, Shmeisani - Amman. Tel. 603703

POLICE ACADEMY

HOUSE FOR RENT

Villa "A" at Alia Housing. Three bedrooms, two bathrooms, one guest washroom, sitting/dining room, with a fireplace - T.V. room, kitchen / pantry - maid's quarters, large garden with swimming pool.

inquiry Tel: 08/53666 9:00 a.m. - 2:00 p.m. and Tel

NIJOUM CINEMA «Formerly Opera»

MIAMI **SUPER COPS**

Performances 3:30, 5:15, 8:45, 10:45



Cinema PLAZA

Performances 3:20, 5:15, 8:45, 19:45

Performances 3.20, 5:15, 8:45, 10.45

Cinema

CONCORD

RAINBOW

THE PHILADELPHIA EXPERIMENT

Performance 3:30, 6:30, 8:36

LARKET

ate level of a chief execu-benchmark r 150, when he tive Pay Suc-the preside ctric Co les package

package by 1960 Or s chairman to as he did a

debale no

i what is loo:

5 58) is its

xecutive sale

al believer i

performance.

a protessy.

i ponetz ur.

Truck oben

abuse mar i

Ding a scant

ition : Park

Tier y _ i wit Th

ld be hange

17.217<u>mmodi -</u>

S INVESTIGATION S

нападелы _{(т.}

icp-paid ac

Business Re

Cost of them:

T Stock open

ECONOMINA TO S

current take

nie have bee

1950 Self

coacladed to

ded "in A

(000% W

4. See 1939 €

APT.-

PARTY ST

្រក្នុងទៅទ

<u>.:1</u>.

e said.

Karpov bags Swift World Cup chess tourney

BRUSSELS, Belgium (AP) — Former world champion Anatoly Karpov won the Switt World Cup chess tournament on Friday with a draw against Ulf Andersson of

Sweden in 62 moves.

Karpov won the \$20,000 first prize by scoring 11 points out of a possible 16, a point ahead of fellow Soviet Valery Salov.

Third place was shared by John Nann of England, Yugoslav grandmaster Ljubomir Ljubojevic and Alexander Beliavsky of the Soviet Union each

with 9.5 points. Ljubojevic defeated Nunn in the final round to finish in shared third place.

Playing white against Anders-son, Karpov gradually built a significant advantage and appeared poised to squeeze out a

But the 36-year-old Soviet chose the wrong continuation near the end of the six and a half hour marathon and had to settle

Despite the last round inccup, some experts said Karpov's performance might pose a threat to Garri Kasparov who beat Karpov

in 1985 to become current world

champion.
"He played very well. It was like the Karpov of 10 years ago," said Gennady Sosonko, a

Dutch grandmaster.
The \$100,000 Brussels tournament was the first of six international events with a total prize fund of \$1.2 million, to be played over two years.

The series is organised by the Grandmaster's Association, a players' body set up in 1986 on the initiative of Kasparov. Each of the world's 25 leading grandmas-ters will compete in four of the events.

The winner of the World Cup will be the player with the best three results.

Ljubojevic defeated Nunn in 58 moves after reaching an endgame with a pawn more. They shared third place overall with Behavsky who drew against Hungary's Guyla Sax.

Lajos Portisch of Hungary finished sixth equal with Andersson on nine points with nine points after holding Viktor Korchnoi to a draw with the black

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE OUTZ

Q.1-Both vulnerable, as South you **♦KQ7 ♥AKQ98 ∶Q9 ♦KQ10** The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1 7 Pass 4 7 Pass

What action do you take? A .- You have a very good hand but, if you trust partner, you have no play for slam. Partner's jump is preemptive, showing good trumps and a singleton and denying, among other things, two aces. Therefore, there is no point to endangering

your contract-Pass. Q.2-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: ♦6 ♥AQIB8 ♦ J983 ♣AKI05 South West North

What action do you take? A .- While you can expect to rack up a tidy sum against three hearts doubled, you unfortunately cannot take that action. A double by you would be for takeout, and probably would get partner wildly excited in spades. Pass, and hope that partner can balance, preferably with a double since you know he is short in

⊕AEJ974 ♥Q7 ᡧ632 **⊕**AQ The bidding has proceeded:

South West

North East

Pass 2 4 Pass What do you bid now? A .- A borderline hand. You can't be sure how valuable your queen of hearts will be, but your two honors in partner's suit are pure gold. We think a jump to three spades best expresses the value of your hand and

the quality of your suit.

Q.4-Neither vulnerable, as South vou hold: **★AQJ63** 7.7542 . 95 **★83** Your partner opens the bidding with one heart. What do you respond? A .- You have found a fit, which to the purpose of the early rounds of the auction. A raise to two hearts by you describes both the strength of your hand and your support. Don't even think of introducing that splen-

Q.5—Both vulnerable as South you

support.

did five-card spade suit, because

your next bid in hearts will sound

like a preference rather than solid

Partner opens the bidding with one no trump. What do you respond? A .- You know where you want to play the hand, so don't waste everyone's time-bid four spades. Don't jump to three spades. That would show either a holding where you are interested in slam or where you are not sure which game you want to play and are offering partner a choice of contracts.

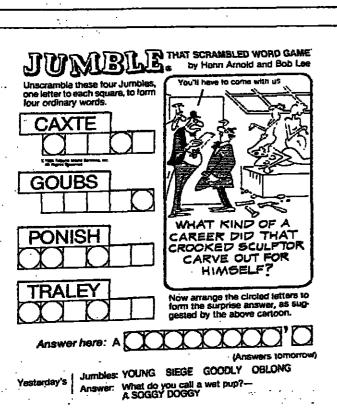
Q.6-Neither vulnerable, as South 7AJ53 4K8 +KQ10542

The bidding has proceeded: North Fee Pass Pass

What do you bid now? A .- Partner's new suit is forcing, so you can't pass despite the misfit. Make your normal bid of two hearts, the suit you couldn't afford to show at your second turn because that would have been a reverse, promising extra values. Besides showing your stoppers, your bid in hearts will highlight the potential

THE BETTER HALF By Harris 500 "All the way home from work the

motor kept conking out. Not the car's motor - mine!"



the first of the contract of t

SPORTS IN BRIEF

Two killed in South American Rally

BOGOTA (R) - Two Chilean competitors died when their Toyota slammed into a tree during the Trans-Amazon Rally, organisers said Saturday. Sergio Raul Abuhaba and Jose Francis-'co Restucci were 30 kilometres short of the finish of the first stage between Cartagena and Cucuta Friday when they crashed. The rally, modelled on the Paris-Dakar event, covers 13,100 kilometres from Colombia to Argentina, passing through Ecuador, Peru and Chile.

Shock exit for fourth seed Martin

PARIS (R) — Australian Rodney Martin made a shock exit in the first round of the Paris Open Squash Championship Saturday only five days after appearing in the British Open final. Fourth seed Martin, troubled by a mystery virus, succumbed to veteran compatriot and ex-world number one Geoff Hunt 9-1, 9-5, 9-1. Hunt, Martin's coach and mentor, said: "I feel sorry for Rodney, he just could not move. I rather wished he had progressed instead of me." Martin said: "The virus came on a few days ago. I was not fit to play, but I gave it a go. It's a pity, but I fancied another crack at Jansher having beaten him last week." Reigning world champion Jansher Khan of Pakistan, sensationally beaten by Martin in the British Open, outclassed Welshman Adrian Davies 9-1, 9-0, 9-3. England prospect Chris Walker, ranked 60 in the world, beat 13th seed Jan-Ulf Soederberg of Sweden 9-7, 7-9, 9-2,

Uganda draws 1-1 with Swazis

KAMPALA, Uganda (AP) - On a slippery field in a heavy rainstorm, home team sports club Villa kept Swaziland's Manzini Wanderers to a 1-1 draw, winning through to the second round of the Africa Cup Winners Cup soccer tournament. Rain that turned Kampala's Nakivubo stadium into a morass of mud speeded up play in the Saturday night return leg match. Villa beat Manzini 4-1 in the first leg match two weeks ago in Mbabane, the Swazi capital. The teams held each other to a goaless draw at the end of the first half Saturday, with the visitors storming into the lead in the 14th minute of the second half when Clement Madpuli scored.

Climbers advance despite member's death

KATMANDU, Nepal (AP) — Despite the death of a Japanese team member, the other climbers in a joint China-Japan-Nepal Mount Everest expedition are progressing well, an expedition leader said Sunday. The leader said the group plans to reach the summit in early May and then descend down the other side of the world's highest mountain in an unprecedented feat. "Half a dozen of our men had already reached the South Col yesterday (Saturday)," said Michio Yuasa, the Japanese group leader of the expedition, after arriving at Katmandu airport by helicopter. The 7.985-metre-high (26.190-foot) South Col is the base for the team's final attack on Mount Everest's peak. The expedition plans one more camp about 300 metres (1,000 feet) below the summit, and expects to be on top of the mountain by May 5,

FORECAST FOR MONDAY, APRIL 25, 1988

YOUR HOROSCOPE

From the Carroll Righter Institute GENERAL TENDENCIES: A to annoy you, and get busy at con-

tendency to be argumentative or scheming should be controlled this morning, since you will later require the assistance of friends and co-

workers. Don't put off making any important decisions.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Some tense moments early today could ruin your mood if you allow it, so try to remain objective. Have a pleasurable night with your mate.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Arguing over a problem at home will just make it more difficult to solve. This would be a good evening

to entertain your good friends. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) A friend may say something which will upset you, but keep in mind that this was said in anger and is not to be taken seriously

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) Don't become involved in any arguments where finances are concerned. If you need advice, listen only to qualified persons.

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) If you try to rectify a troublesome situation at this time, you will only make it worse. Be honest and forthright Jul. 21) Don't become involved in

today, and make much progress. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Avoid a person who purposely tries

DOWN

structive matters. Sit down with your mate and plan your future. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Although you may get off to a slow great deal accomplished this afternoon if you apply yourself. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) If

you try to force others to accept your way of doing things, you will only slienate these individuals. Be sure to drive with great care.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) If you avoid an argument this morning, you can make real prog-ress today. Take it easy at home tonight, and get plenty of rest.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Take care of any preasing respon-sibilities early today, then work on building up your financial security. Show more affection for your mate. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19)

A big opportunity to advance could be present today, so keep your eyes and ears open. Try to be more cooperative with your co-workers. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Fellow workers will help you to finish up a difficult project if you ask pleasantly. Don't let anyone draw you into a silly argument.

THE Daily Crossword by Bernard Meren



49 Engrave 50 Machu Picchu land 51 Pulitzer prize

EUROPEAN FOOTBALL RESULTS

LONDON (AP) — Results of European football games played Saturday (aggregate scores in brackets):

English Division One

Charlton Athletic	2	Newcastle United	0
Derby County	2	Southampton	0
Liverpool	1	Tottenham Hotspur	0
Oxford United	1	Everton	1
Portsmouth	2	Norwich City	2
Queen Park Rangers	1	Sheffield Wednesay	1
West Ham United	1	Coventry City	1
Wimbledon	2	Chelsea	2

French Cup

Auxerre	2	Lille	1	(2-2, Lille win on away goa
Nice	1	Toulouse	1	(2-2, Nice win on penalties)
Sochaux	1	Montpellier	0	(Sochaux 3-2)
Le Havre	1	Reims	0	(Le Havre 3-0)
Lens	1	Sete	0	(Lens 1-0)
Quimper	. 2	La Roche	2	(Quimper 5-3)
Creteil		Chateller- ault		(0-0, Chatellerault win on penalties)

East German First Division

Dynamo Berlin	1	Chemie Haile	2				
Dynamo Dresden	3	Karl-Marx-Stadt	0				
Lokomotiv Leipzig	2	Union Berlin	1				
Wismut Aue	0	Carl Zeiss Jena	0				
Rot-Weiss Erfurt	1	Stahl Riesa	0				
Belgian First Division							
Reerschot	2	Lakeren	2				

	negam it	ISI DIVENDE	
Beerschot	2	Lokeren	2
Winterslag	0	Mechelen	0
Gbent	0	Racing Jet	0
Beveren	0	Kortrijk	2
Anderlecht	6	Antwerp	0
	Scottish Pre	emier Division	

Anderlecht	6	Antwerp	0
	Scottish Pre	emier Division	
Aberdeen	0	Hearts	0
Celtic	3	Dundee	0
Dundee United	2	Dunfermline Athletic	2
Falkirk	4	Morton	1
Hibernian	1	Motherwell	1
St. Mirren	0	Rangers	3

First in 103-year history

Luton wins English League Soccer Cup

WEMBLEY, England (AP) - Luton Town, the soccer club that was thrown out of last year's competition over its ban on away supporters, edged defending titlist Arsenal 3-2 to win the Littlewoods Cup at Wembley stadium Sunday.

A last minute goal by Brian eight metres. Stein and a penalty save by goalkeeper Andy Dibble enabled Luton to win its first major trophy after Arsenal had squandered a 2-1 lead.

A see-sawing final had four goals in a pulsating last 19 mi-

Stein had given Luton an interval lead with a 13th minute strike, but Arsenal hit back to lead tin Hayes (71st min.) and Alan Smith (74).

Arsenal then bombarded the Luton goal, hitting the crossbar and the post and seeing Dibble make three breathtaking saves.

The Welsh international goalkeeper also palmed away a penalty kick from Nigel Winterburn with ten minutes remaining to keep his side in the game.

In the dying minutes, Arsenal's superior fitness looked set to earn it a second consecutive title as the North London side retained posession.

But a mistake in the Arsenal defence allowed Danny Wilson to head home a short centre from Stein to level the score with eight minutes remaining.

The final looked set to go to extra time until Luton substitute Ashley Grimes floated over a centre from the right and Stein turned the ball into the net from

forehand cross-court pass.

The result gave Luton its first honour in its 103-year history. Two-goal Brian Stein said: "It's a great day for the team, the fans and the town.

Milan beats Inter

In Rome, AC Milan, spurred by Dutch international Ruud Gullit, stepped up their Italian soccer League title bid with a 2-0 win against Internazionale, to move within a point of leaders Napoli Sunday.

While Diego Maradona's Napoli were held 1-1 at Verona, goals from Gullit and Antonio Virdis sealed Milan's supremacy in a classic derby watched by 80,000 fans in the San Siro stadium they share with Inter.

Milan's victory put them closer on the heels of defending champions Napoli than ever before this season and rose the excitement level for the clash of the championship when the two teams meet in Naples next Sunday. Napoli, who were four points

clear of sole challengers Milan only three matches ago, now have 42 points to Milan's 41. Sampdoria, who drew 2-2

against Juventus, lie third an unbridgeable eight points behind the leaders with three matches left this season.

Lendl overpowers Jaite to win Monte Carlo title

MONTE CARLO (Agencies) - World number one Ivan Lendl, playing his first tournament in two months, won the Monte Carlo open title when he defeated seventh seed Martin Jaite of Argentina 5-7, 6-4, 7-5, 6-3 Sunday.

Lendl, sidelined since the end of February by a stress fracture in his right foot, had considerable difficulty overcoming his 23-year-old opponent in a match which lasted 3¾ hours.

The Czechoslovak top seed made several mistakes during the match but finally proved too strong for Jaite and clinched the title for the second time, having won it the last time he played in the Lendl broke Jaite's service in the opening game, but failed to

capitalise on his advantage, staying back to battle it out from the Jaite, growing more adventurous, broke back in the sixth game and

had a chance to take the first set at 5-4 but hit his service return too The Argentine, however, made no mistake when he earned his

not return. Lendl gained an immediate break at the start of the second set as the first three games went against service, and appeared to be well on his way at 5-2 after breaking Jaite again.

But despite saving five break-points, Lendl failed to hold his service in the following game, and had to wait to the tenth game before squaring the match at one set all.

Jaite went 3-1 up in the third set when Lendl, in some disarray, double-faulted for the third time in the match. But the Czech, visibly irritated by his mistakes, recovered quickly

and reeled off four games in a row to lead 5-3, hitting two aces in the eighth game. Jaite pulled back to 5-5 but dropped his service in the next game.

Lendl squandered three set-points at 6-5, one with another doublefault, but staved off two break-points to clinch the set with an overhead smash.

Lendl closed in for the title when he broke Jaite in the fifth game of the fourth set. He earned two match-points in the ninth, and although Jaite saved the first, he lost the match on the second when Lendl beat him with a

In Houston, Chris Event defeated hometown favourite Zina Garrison 7-5, 6-2 Saturday night to set up a showdown in the finals of

Evert, Navratilova reach finals

the Virginia Slims of Houston tennis tournament with top-seeded Martina Navratilova for the second straight year. Earlier Saturday, Navratilova fought off the second set service

breaking tactics of Elly Hakami for a 6-1, 6-3 victory.

Evert, who defeated Navratilova 3-6, 6-1, 7-6 (7-4) in last year's finals, will be trying to end a string of five consecutive tournament victories for Navratilova.

"I'm happy I reached the finals because I was supposed to beat all and play my game. I won last year but she's still the favourite. I just hope I can play loose."

Evert broke Garrison in the 11th game of the first set and held in the 12th game with a backhand down-the-line winner. Garrison's final challenge came in the sixth game of the second set.

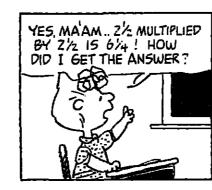
She took Evert to a pair of deuces before Evert held when Garrison's backhand down the line was out. Evert took a 40-0 lead in the final game, but double-faulted twice

before ending the match on Garrison's error. Navratilova leads the overall series with Evert 40-36, but Evert

won their last meeting in the semifinals of the Australian Open. "I have plenty of incentive to beat Chris because she won the last time, but I always save my best tennis for last," Navratilova said. Navratilova broke Hakami in the second game of the final set when

she chased down a drop shot by Hakami and returned it cross court for a winner at break point.

Peanuts







Mutt'n' Jeff









Andy Capp







Hunt for hostages continues

Violence marks election in New Caledonia

and were taken to a hospital in

No details were provided. It

Shots were fired at police at

Authorities chose not to open

38 of the 139 polling places that were considered likely targets for

In other parts of the island

archipelago, ballots were burned.

telephone lines were cut and

police used tear gas to disperse

votes both for president and for a

new territorial assembly created

by Chirac's government over the

objections of militant native

Melanesians, known as Kanaks,

who make up 43 per cent of the

Thirty-six per cent of the resi-

New Caledonians were casting

was not known if any separatists

other places on the island without

were injured in the clash.

causing any injuries.

crowds of protesters.

island's population.

NOUMEA, New Caledonia (AP) — Two gendarmes were shot and six others injured by explosives in clashes with separatists Sunday as New Caledonians went to the polls to vote in France's presidential

Polls closed at 6 p.m. (9700) were hurt by "thrown explosives" GMT) in the French Pacific island territory, just as those in metropolitan France were opening. New Caledonia and the tiny. French islands of Wallis and Fotuna were the first to cast ballots, choosing between nine presidential contenders.

One officer was shot in the abdomen while guarding a polling station in Canala, on the island's east coast. He was listed in serious condition at a hospital in Noumea. The other officer was injured before polls opened in Pouembout, on the main island's west coast, 160 kilometres north

of Noumea. Police in Nournea said that Melanesian separatists erected barricades in several villages to disrupt voting. At a barricade on the highway outside Canala, six gendarmes were injured, including one seriously, in fighting with

A spokesman for the national gendarmerie said the officers dents are Europeans, while the

rest are primarily Asian or Tahi-

A reinforcement of 80 gendarmes from Paris were expected in the territory Monday as was Bernard Pons, minister for overseas territories.

Pons was dispatched Saturday by Chirac following an attack at a police station Friday during which a group of Melanesians killed three police officers and

took 27 gendarmes hostage. The kidnapper's demands included the cancellation of the regional elections and the removal of police reinforcements from the island. They also demanded that negotiators be sent from Paris to discuss independence for

Hundreds of police combed a forest in northern New Caledonia Saturday, searching for the attackers and their captives who were believed to have divided up

into groups to hide in the forest. A spokesman for the separatists said the kidnappers were "ready to keep them (the gendarmes) as long as necessary. The search continued Sunday.

although police declined to provide details. A contingent of 180 police reinforcements arrived on the island Sunday morning.

Ethnic relations revived

Meanwhile in Kazakhstan,

where riots broke out in 1986,

offices dealing with ethnic rela-

tions have been revived in the

propaganda departments of Com-

munist Party committees at all

levels, according to the republic's leader, Gennady Kolbin.

let us say it in a positive way if for example there must be a cutoff of aid for the Afghan government, then there must be a symmetrical cutoff of all American aid that is relayed to the Pakistani government," he said, speaking through an interpreter.

Addressing the conference, organised by the Afghan Peace, Solidarity and Friendship Organisation, the Afghan leader criti-

ernment here is increasingly concerned over such a massive stockpiling of arms on its southern border in view of the impending Soviet troop withdrawal, due to be

seeks balanced end to arms supplies

Najibullah

KABUL (R) — Afghan President Najibullah Sunday backed the idea of a balanced cut in arms supplies by the Soviet Union and the United States. It was the first time Najibullah had openly said his government might be prepared to forgo further Soviet sup-

"We accept an identical form of symmetry," he told a non-governmental conference of U.S., Soviet and Afghan scho-

The Geneva accord signed this month, under which Soviet troops will start leaving Afghanistan on May 15, does not provide for an end to arms supplies from the superpowers.

Najibullah, also for the first

time since the Geneva accord, specifically accepted that if Soviet military aid to the Afghan government continued there would be a proportionate continuation of U.S. arms supplies to Afghan rebels, usually supplied via Pakistan.

"There must be a cutoff of aid

cised the deal under which the United States is to supply \$4.02 billion worth of military equipment to Islamabad.

Analysts in Kabul say the govcompleted in nine months.

Panama close to 'chaos'

and is only weeks away from of "misery and desperation" for chaos unless U.S. sanctions are thousands. The letter said they go ifted, Archbishop Gregorio beyond "any strategy of

for urgent dialogue to resolve the crisis. Some talks are being held, but "they are not the really effective conversations that carry commitment that the nation needs," he said speaking to reporters.

will be chaos in this country" if the sanctions are not lifted,

McGrath said. Panama's Roman Catholic hierarchy called on the Reagan administration Friday to end its sanctions. An eight-page pastoral

pressure and constitute by themselves a threat to the life of our

"Gen. Noriega can go any day, on Aug. 12, Nov. 3, Dec. 19, the first of January, 1989," the armed forces chief and Panama's de factor ruler said in an interview out, for lack of detail on his

'30,000 held since emergency imposed in South Africa'

JOHANNESBURG (Agencies)

— About 30,000 people have been arrested in South Africa under 22-month-old emergency regulations and only a tiny fraction have been charged, let alone convicted, a conference on apartheid heard Saturday.

At one stage, 40 per cent of the detainees were under the age of 18, David Webster, a South African anthropology lecturer, told the day-long conference at Johan-nesburg's Witwatersrand Uni-

The conference focused on child detainees and heard from two teenage youths who had been held by police.

Webster, who lectures at Witwatersrand and has carried out private research on detainees, said that 30,000 people, almost all of them black, had been held for varying periods since June 1986 when a nationwide state of emergency was imposed to quell revolt among South Africa's 25 million blacks.

"There appear to be about 2,500 to 3,000 now under detention," said Webster, a leading member of the Detainees Parents Support Committee, one of 17 anti-apartheid organisations virtually banned by the government

Pretoria periodically issues lists of people being held, but the totals do not include many shortterm detainees and are dismissed by civil rights groups as being far

The level of violence in the black townships has subsided considerably, but the government has said it does not intend to lift the state of emergency yet, saying the threat of upheaval is still

Strong.
Webster said that only 1.22 per cent of detainees held under emergency laws had been charged and convicted.

The security police are trying to cover up the oppression they are engaged in," he said. Webster said the number of

detentions was going down, but was still averaging 16 per day. The proportion of detainees under 18 was also down, Webster said, adding that international outcries about child detainees were partly responsible for the

While detentions were fewer, other forms of oppression in the form of black vigilante groups had arisen, he said.

'(There are) pro-apartheid oups who frankly are no better than the death squads in Argenti-

Lawyer Kathy Satchwell, who has represented child detainees told the conference about regulations under which children can be held in solitary confinement with no visits from their family.

"In this country we have a civil war, and the present government seems to regard children as their enemy," she said.

Mistreatment in detention

Two black youths told the conference that they were frequently assaulted while in police deten-tion, and one said his injuries were so severe he needed an operation to halt internal

One youth said he was detained at the age of 16 for 10 months, spent most of his time in solitary confinement and was not allowed to see his family until after he had been held several months. He also charged that he was assaulted and that police stuck him with needles.

Another former detainee, speaking through an interpreter, said police administered electric shock treatments and beat him until he eventually needed an operation to stop internal bleeding. He said he was released from custody after the operation.

would be launched. But he stressed that no great breakthrough was yet in sight and said it was unlikely that any vaccine could be on the market for at least five

NEW YORK (R) — Young punk rockers bid against elderly ladies and others Saturday for a piece of

PEKING (R) — Chinese cinemas will screen the Oscar-winning film "The Last Emperor" despite controversy over its depiction of history, sex scenes and use of the forbidden city for location shooting. The movie by Italian director Bernardo Bertolucci, which won nine Academy Awards, is being dubbed into Chinese and will be shown nationwide in June. The New China News Agency said Thursday, "But whether the movie is acceptable to the Chinese audience remains a question," the agency added.

Goethe Institute balks

LOS ANGELES (R) — A:75-year-old former bank chairman who admitted defrauding elderly

Armenians mark remembrance day

MOSCOW (R) — Thousands of people, many of them women dressed in black, took flowers Sunday to a monument in Yerevan to victims of a 1915 massacre of Armenians, local residents

The annual procession to the "Genocide Monument," in memory of 1.5 million Armenians said to have been killed by the Turks. took on added significance this year as Armenians also remembered victims of ethnic riots in the Azerbaijani city of Sumgait in February.

Turkey demos a massacre took place in 1915. Armenians say killings reached a peak on April 24 of that year. Soviet officials say 26 Arme-

nians were among 32 people who died in Sumgait during a night of violence on Feb. 28, but Armenians say the death toll was higher. 'All the streets to the monu-

ment are packed this morning," said one woman in a telephone call from the Armenian capital. "I will wait a couple of hours until it gets quieter and then take my flowers

Police were out in force as people filed up the steps to the monument, a light grey cupola on a hill overlooking the ancient.

But the woman said she had seen no troops and, so far, no political slogans.

Up to a million people rallied in Yerevan in February in support of ethnic Armenians in the Azerbaijani region of Nagorno-Karabakh, who are demanding reunification with Armenia.

The Sumgait riots followed. The Kremlin, faced with the most serious nationalist challenge since the 1917 Bolshevik revolution. made clear it was not prepared to consider any redrawing of boundaries between Armenia and Azerbaijan, which has controlled Nagorno-Karabakh since 1923.

A ban on demonstrations was still in force in Yerevan, which is closed to foreign correspondents, but the procession to the monument had been allowed to go ahead according to tradition, resi-

In past years. Armenian Communist leader Karen Demirchvan has laid a wreath at the monument and was likely to do so again this Sunday.

The Armenians boast the oldand live uneasily alongside their traditionally Muslim Azerbaijani neighbours, partly because of memories of the Muslim Turks.

Armenians were also due to gather at the Armenian church in Moscow Sunday. But in Stepanakert, capital of the disputed Nagorno-Karabakh region, all was quiet, according to

local Communist officials. A wave of strikes which broke out in March had ended and people were enjoying a relaxed Sunday at home, one official said in a telephone call from party headquarters there.

Such an apparatus existed before the 1930s, he told the Communist Party daily Pravda.

unless sanctions lifted PANAMA CITY (AP) - Pana- and the nation's 10 bishops dema's economy is being destroyed scribed the sanctions as the cause

McGrath said. The archbishop called Saturday

"In two or three weeks there

letter signed by the archbishop

The target of the sanctions, General Manuel Antonio Noriega, was quoted Saturday as saying he could retire any time, but that caving in to U.S. pressure to resign would have a domino effect on the rest of Latin

vote Democrat without Jackson on ticket.

Poll: Most blacks to

PHILADELPHIA (R) — A major poll showed Saturday that most blacks would vote for the Democratic presidential ticket even if Jesse Jackson is left off of it, apparently contradicting some

conventional political wisdom. The poll, commissioned by Newsweek magazine, showed that 79 per cent of blacks questioned would like to see Jackson as the presidential candidate, while 70 per cent also thought he was qualified to be vice-presi-

Massachusetts Governor Michael Dukakis — following his defeat of Jackson in the New York primary Tuesday --- holds a commanding lead over the black leader for the party's nomination to face Vice President George Bush, the likely Republican

Both Dukakis and Jackson the remaining Democratic rivals - campaigned through Pennsylvania Saturday. At a Saturday night debate

outside Pittsburgh, the two candidates sparred gently in their second one-on-one debate over two nights. Jackson attempted to get the governor to spell out details of

how he would pay for his domestic spending programmes. Dukakis had been criticised

during earlier debates by other candidates, before they dropped

A centrepiece of Jackson's budget plans has been a five-year freeze on defence spending. Dukakis said he would raise money in a tight budgetary situation by collecting some \$100 billion in unpaid taxes, a figure called unrealistic by Washington

In the Newsweek poll, nearly 70 per cent of respondents thought Jackson would help the party as vice president.

Campaigning Saturday, Duka-kis again said he did not believe that a black vice president would hurt the ticket but refused to say if he has Jackson in mind as a running mate: The poll said 72 per cent of

blacks would vote for the Democratic ticket even if Jackson did not win the nomination and was sed over for the second soot. A University of Pennsylvania

political scientist, Michael Young, said that blacks may not vote at all if they feel Jackson was snubbed. Others have said the same thing.

A majority in the poll also agreed that Jackson should now be given a much more important role in the Democratic Party, either a major job in running the presidential election campaign or running the party, having a strong input on the major issues, or influencing cabinet appoint-

Yuppies move in, locals move

Search for 28 lost in tanker incident suspended

ST. JOHN'S, Newfoundland (R) - The U.S. Coast Guard Saturday suspended a 36,000-squarekilometre search in the North Atlantic for survivors of a Greekowned tanker that broke up in

"If something comes up that makes us believe there's someone out there, we'd activate the search again," a Coast Guard spokesman told Reuters in New York. "But nothing has been spotted since the one body was recovered Friday evening."
The tanker Athenian Venture

was carrying 29 Poles when it apparently exploded about 600 km. southeast of Cape Race, Newfoundland, late Thursday,

Searchers have recovered the badly burned body of crewman Andrej Szukalski, 41, who was believed to have been on the tanker's bridge at the time of the

Lieutenant-Commander Kent Fisher, a U.S. Coast Guard official, said that while the cause of the fire was unknown, the condition of Szukalski's body pointed to an explosion that quickly engulfed the tanker.

"The suggestion there is that either the individual was forced over the side or went over the side in such haste that he didn't have time to prepare," said

Smoking banned on most U.S. airline flights WASHINGTON (R) - Smoking for the duration of flights. flights," Congressman Richard

was banned on most U.S. airline domestic flights Saturday under a law providing a \$1,000 fine for lighting up in the sky.

Some airlines said they would try to ease the agony of abstention by giving out free chocolate and gum to die-hard smokers. The ban applies to all flights of

two hours or less, about 80 per cent of all scheduled domestic Northwest Airlines has gone even further, banning smoking on all its flights in the United States and Canada except those to and

from Hawaii. Under the law, which was passed by Congress last year and expires in 1990, airlines must tell passengers before takeoff that smoking is prohibited and must keep "No Smoking" signs lighted

The ban will be in effect even on flights that are delayed beyond

Anyone caught smoking on affected flights can be fined up to \$1,000 for each violation. The law provides for a \$2,000 fine for anyone who disables a smoke detector in an airliner lavatory.

force and might lead some passengers to smoke in lavatories. Airlines have briefed their employees on how to deal with rebellious smokers. The carriers hope informing a smoker about the law will be enough to avoid problems. Sponsors in Congress say they

hope to make the law permanent

flights, then it's sensible on longer

"If it's sensible on two-hour

and expanded it to all flights.

Durbin said in a statement. Senator Frank Lautenberg iwo hours. said: "My guess is that two years

from now there will be very few travellers or members of Congress who want to return to the old days when cigarette smoke was an unwelcome airline passenger." Lautenberg and Durbin said Opponents of the smoking ban

they supported the smoking ban said it would be difficult to enbecause of studies which found nonsmokers suffered when they breathed smoke in enclosed areas. The tobacco industry says there is no proof that smoke in the air endangers nonsmokers.

Lautenberg said: "Flight attendants and passengers are entitled to work and travel in a safe environment. Prohibiting smoking is as much a safety and health requirement as fastening seat

out, in London's inner city By Gill Tudor

LONDON — The grubby South London district of Brixton, once a byword for inner city deprivation, crime and racial tension, is going up-market.

In 1981 and again in 1985, the area exploded into rioting which saw dozens injured as gangs of angry youths overturned cars, looted shops and set buildings ablaze.

An independent inquiry under senior Judge Lord Scarman called Brixton "an area of severe deprivation, marked by environ-mental decay and riddled with mounting crime and violence."

But now Brixton - barely five kilometres from Central London and ideally placed for public transport, parks and other amenities — has become the latest focus for "gentrification" as middle-class newcomers pour in, cager to buy homes close to Central London.

"It's become trendy to live in the inner cities," a local estate agent said. "At the moment Brixton's definitely the up-and-coming place."

A rash of new bars and restaurants has appeared catering for the more affluent pockets of the newly arrived Yuppies, or Young Upwardly-Mobile Professionals.

Forests of "For Sale" boards

have sprouted along the 19th

century terraced streets and

house prices have rocketed,

seemingly unaffected by last October's stock market crash. In November 1985, one twobedroomed Brixton flat was sold for £31,000 (\$58,000). By the end

Cases like this are not exceptional. Figures from Brixton's local council, Lambeth, show property prices there rose by an average of 15 per cent between November 1986 and May 1987 alone — twice the national average over the same period and one fifth faster than house prices in London as a whole.

The estate agent, who preferred not to be named, said prices in Brixton began to creep up after the 1981 riots, when people realised it was a depressed but central area where housing was still relatively cheap.

looking for the cheapest area, but once it's known to be cheap prices go up." The 1985 riots, coupled with a property boom in neighbouring

of it before. People are always

area's popularity. Discontent brewing

neath the apparent facelift. Brixton's commercial centre has remained in limbo despite the affluence of many of its new residents. A major new supermarket brings shoppers from miles around, but one of Britain's main High Street banks, Lloyd's,

are economic grounds. The mood in the local market is depressed. "They won't bring Brixton back to what it was - it's dead." one stallholder said.

is about to pull out on what it says

regarded as one of London's smartest suburbs. But by the 1920s most of its mansions had been converted into rented flats, boarding houses or single room bed-sitting rooms, and landlord neglect led to slum conditions. Black people arriving in Britain

from former colonies in the late

1950s and 1960s found Brixton

was one of the few areas where they could afford to live. Couditions were grim - some had to take turns sleeping on a shared bed — and prejudice was rife. Most observers saw the early 1980s riots as uprisings against poverty, unemployment and alleged racist policing in an area where roughly a third of the

population is black. In 1985, official figures showed a third of households in the area were living on or below the poverty line. About a quarter of its workforce is unemployed. Lambeth Council leader Linda

local people out of the area. "I'm not saying that it's all got to be solidly working class and we don't want anyone else to be

Bellos said escalating house

prices were now driving many

here," she said. "Nobody's saying that." "But the problem is that people coming in are bidding up the cost of housing to such an extent that working class people who want to buy their own homes are not able to."

Family structure destroyed

Many young people who had grown up in Brixton could no longer afford to set up home round the corner from their parents and were being forced to

move long distances to cheaper outer suburbs like Croydon, she

This in turn was destroying the

structure of the traditional extended working class family among whites and blacks alike. "The implications for our community are grim and grave," Bellos said. "It's creating wealth --

but for whom?"

Police said Brixton had seen very little of the overt hostility found in parts of London's East End, where cars have been vandalised and walls daubed with anti-Yuppie graffiti.

Rock Against the Rich An anarchist group, Class War,

has launched a musical move-

ment called Rock Against the Rich and plans a concert tour later this year culminating in a National Anti-Yuppie Day. 'Communities are being wrecked right around the country by property developers and Yup-

ren Pryor told Reuters, adding that Brixton was a possible concert venue. -Bellos said resentment in Brixton was simmering. "I've heard a lot of working

nies." Class War spokesman Dar-

class people; black and white, complain bitterly about the yapprincation," she said. A young local West Indian agreed.

"Brixton was a dump when we first came," he said: "The young ones who have lived here all their lives when it was dirty and dilapidated, they have to move out now 's clean.
"I don't think they realise yet it's clean.

what's happening—but it's going interest. Prosecutors said to be serious when they realise."

I don't think they realise the money.



Trial of potential vaccine

LONDON (R) — British scientists are to launch the first systematic trial in Europe of a potential vaccine against AIDS. the doctor leading the project said Saturday Dr. Brian Gazzard, head of the AIDS unit at St. Stephen's Hospital, West London, said 24 volunteers would be treated in the first phase of the study due to begin in the summer. We are hoping that the vaccine will be totally non-toxic and that it may produce neutralising antibodies against the (AIDS) virus," he told Reuters. Gazzard said the vaccine, which will be administered once a month for three months, could be given to people infected with the HIV (Human Immunodeficiency Virus) which causes AIDS, as well as those free of it but in high-risk groups. He said if the vaccine proved non-toxic, a much broader trial

Paying for a 'part' of Warhol

Andy Warhol's legacy at the opening of a 10-day auction of the late artist's belongings. "People want a part of him," said Bianca Barzvi, who has also been to auctions for the belongings of Rock Hudson, Joan Crawford, Gypsy Rose Lee and Gloria Swanson, Warhol's Art Nouveau and Art Deco furniture and silver were the first items up for grabs, with a wood table bringing in \$275,000, an armchair \$154,000 and a silver, gold and enamel ring \$154,000. Silver dealer Art Kaplan said the prices were more than three and four times what the pieces were actually worth. "I came to buy," he said, "but these lously out of line."

China to show 'The Last Emperor'

at 'Dachau' address

MUNICH (R) — The Goethe

Institute, responsible for spreading West Germany's cultural image abroad, is having second thoughts about a planned move to a Munich street bearing the name of the notorious former Nazi death camp at Dachan. Institute Spokesman Kajo Niggestick told Renters Friday that foreign associates of the institute had complained about proposals to build a new administrative headquarters in "Dachauer Strasse. Dachan is a town near Munich, but Niggestick said the name's association with the Dachau concentration camp would be a burden for the cultural organisation. which has institutes in many countries of the world. He stressed that concern about the new address, which would cause noses to wrinkle" when people saw it on the institute's letterhead, had come from outside the

Do the best you can?

investors of over one million dollars was sentenced to 20 years in jail Wednesday unless he made full restitution. "You have a chance to get out and live a detent life if you come clean." Judge Andrew Hank told Monroe Marlowe. "If not, you may not be able to serve the entire sentence - but do the best you can." Hank promised to consider reducing the sentence if Marlows paid full restitution to his victims Marlowe, former head of the Valley State Bank of Encino, pleaded guilty in Petronity to inducing elderly customers to invest in a real estate scheme he claimed would pay them high interest. Prosecutors said he topi

Airline club flies in face of no-smoking trend

By Peter Elsworth Reuter

DALLAS (R) — While most smokers plan to accept new U.S. restrictions against smoking in airplanes, the Great American Smokers Club is flying in the

opposite direction.

With some 6,000 members, the club intends to take to the air in the near future with two chartered planes flying 10 times a day between Dallas and Houston. All the 100 or so passengers on

each trip will be allowed to smoke

as much as they want, according

to Chairman Key Cohlmia, a

2½-packet-a-day man. "It's a rights movement, the government has infringed on our civil rights," he told Reuters in an interview. "People who smoke contribute billions of dollars to the state in taxes. We paid for our

As of April 23, smoking on any flight of two hours or less in the United States is prohibited by federal law. Charter flights and those involving travel clubs, such as the Great American Smokers Club, are exempt.

Cohlmia said he has 6,000 members so far, each one paying \$10 for one year's membership, including some nonsmokers. "Some (nonsmokers) joined for the rights issue and others joined

to say we want to help to get

smokers off our airline'," he said.

Cohimia, aged 53, is himself a pilot but said the club would charter planes and leave the flying to others.

The group is now waiting for U.S. Department of Transportation approval, but Cohimia said he hopes the business will take off

> Cohlmia said he expects his high-flying smokers' club to service about 60 cities in two years' time. He declined to say how much it would cost to set up and expand, but said he had not received any funds from the tobacco industry.

> He said that in passing the no-smoking rule, the U.S. Congress had "created a new business they didn't intend to."

"I have very little time for Congress," he said. "They're all attorneys and attorneys never do anything but sue or run for Conof last year the same flat was valued at £64,000 (\$120,000), more than doubling in price in

two years.

"It put Brixton on the map," she said. "No one had ever heard

Clapham, set the seal on the

But discontent is brewing be-

In the 19th century Brixton was